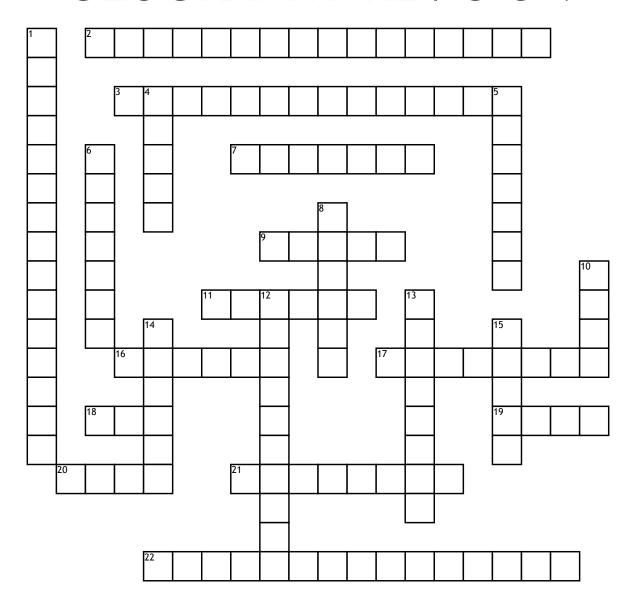
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GEOGRAPHY REVISION



Across

- **2.** A gentle wave that deposits material and builds up beaches
- **3.** The process which moves sediment in a zigzag pattern along a beach by wash and backwash of waves approaching the shore at an angle
- 7. A wall built close to or along a shoreline to prevent erosion or damage by destructive waves
- **9.** A part of a cliff that has separated from the mainland as a result of the erosive effect of waves
- 11. A cage of wire filled with rocks
- **16.** To clear the bed of (a harbour, river, or other area of water) by scooping out mud, weeds and sand
- **17.** The backwards movement of sea water down a beach after a wave has broken

- **18.** A broad inlet of the sea where the land curves inwards
- **19.** A curved build-up of eroded material that forms at the mouth of a river
- **20.** A hollow space along the coast produced by the action of the waves
- 21. A hill or mound of sand formed by wind deposition on the landward side of a beach
- **22.** A strong wave that wears away coasts and removes material

<u>Down</u>

- 1. The building of physical structures to defend against the erosive power of waves
- 4. The circular movement of water beneath the surface, creating waves
- **5.** A deposit of sand linking an island to the mainland (or to another island), formed by longshore drift

- **6.** The wearing away of the Earth's surface by wind, water or ice
- **8.** A shallow stretch of water which is partly or completely separated from the sea by a narrow strip of land
- **10.** A natural feature, usually formed from rock, that forms a bridge-like arc as a result of erosion
- 12. A wall that is built out into the sea to help prevent erosion
- 13. A steep cliff jutting out into the sea
- 14. A man-made barrier that juts out from a beach into the water, made to prevent erosion of the beach from the power of destructive waves and longshore drift
- 15. The movement of water up the face of a beach after a wave has broken