## GEOMETRY



## Across

1. The process of assigning a number to a physical property. the size, length, or amount of something, as established by measuring.
2. The branch of mathematics concerned with the properties and relations of points
the properties and relations of point
imensional analogs. The shape and
ape and relative arrangement of the parts of something.
3. A 8. polyhedron with a 8. polygonal 8.
base and 8. lateral faces that taper to an 8 apex. A type of 3 -dimensional shape with a 8 triangular base is called a 8. tetrahedron.
4. The 2. ratio of the 2 . circumference of a 2. circle to its 2. diameter. $P i$ is written $\pi$ and is a 2 . transcendental number
5. A complete 11. circular arc. Also means he distance around the the outside of a 11 circle.
6. The point where two or more rays meet 15. The point where two or more rays meet. edges of a solid figure.
7. A 7 solid with 7 parallel 7 congruent 17. A 7. solid with 7. parallel 7. congruen 7. bases which are both 7. polygons. The bases must be oriented identically.
8. Two 4. distinct 4. coplanar 4. lines that 8. The center a 10. polygon's 10. inscribed o not intersect. This pair of lines have the circle. This part of a shape is located at same 4. slope
9. A part of a line that is bounded by two distinct end points, and contains every point on the line between its endpoints. When
closed it includes both endpoints
10. An 16. expression used to calculate a
desired result, such as a 16 . formula to find
olume or a 16. formula to count
combinations. Formulas can also be 16
equations involving numbers and/or 16.
variables, such as 16. Euler's formula.

## Down

2. Half a 3. circle. That is, a $180^{\circ}$ 3. arc. 4. A 17. rectangle with all four 17. sides of equal length. This shape is a 17.
quadrilateral with four 17. congruent sides and four congruent 17. angles (all $90^{\circ}$ ).
3. The 12. geometric figure formed by two
4. points.a straight one-dimensional figure
having no thickness and extending infinitely
in both directions
in both directions.
5. A 5. line representing the 5 . set of all
6. real numbers. The number line is typically
marked showing 5 . integer values
