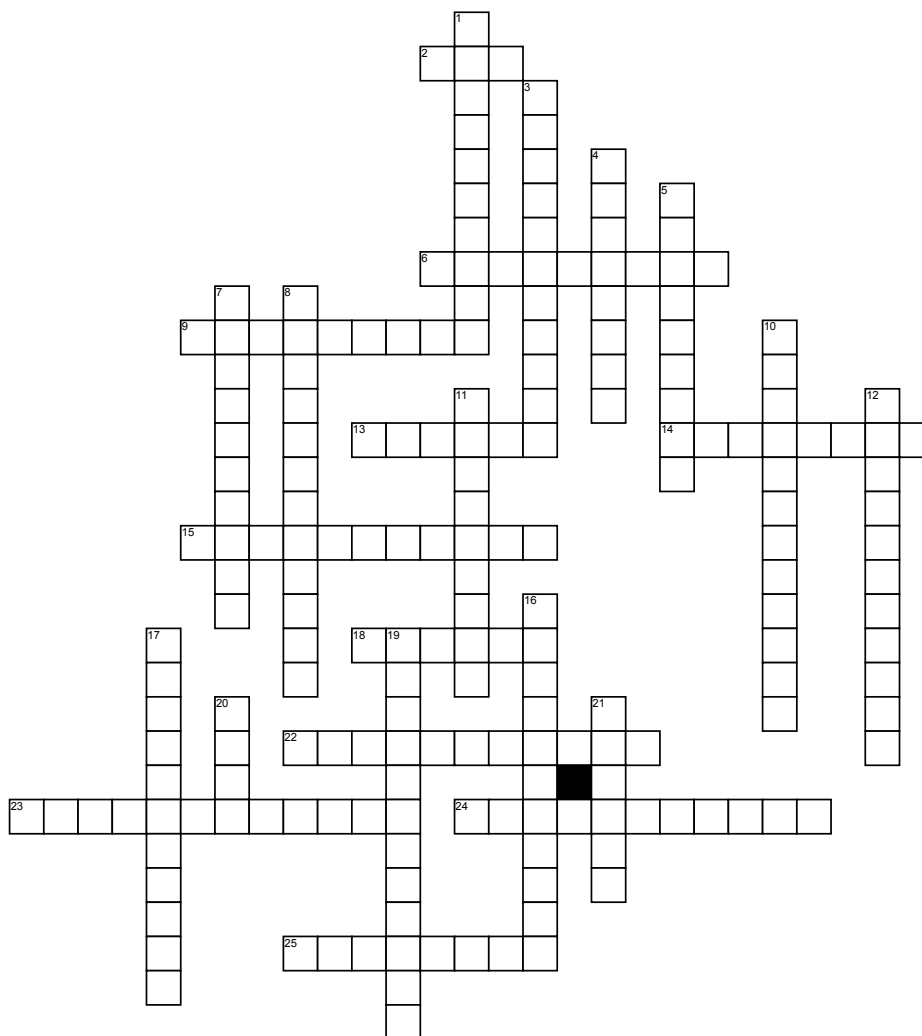


Name: _____

Gender Terms



Across

2. The biological and physiological characteristics that define a person as either male or female.
6. When a person's gender identity matches their biological sex.
9. The master gland that resides in the brain and releases various types of hormones affecting bodily functions.
13. The internal human reproductive organs - ovaries in women and testes in men.
14. A form of feminism that promotes the idea of social change focused on women's rights and issues.
15. People who believe that men and women are essentially and fundamentally the same.
18. The social and cultural construct and categorization of being male or female, feminine or masculine, or some variation of the two, or neither.
22. Gender identity tat does not match assigned sex at birth.
23. Male-centered understanding of human behavior.
24. Research methodology that leads to descriptions of concepts rather than numeric representations.

25. The primary female hormone that affects development and regulation of the female reproductive system and secondary sex characteristics.

Down

1. Gender descriptor, most often associated with women, defined by submissiveness, people orientation, emotionality, and dependence.
3. Gender role described as possessing high levels of both feminine and masculine characteristics.
4. The way in which you perceive yourself as male or female and feminine or masculine, or some variation of the two.
5. A negative opinion or belief held about a group of people.
7. The physical size and appearance differences, including differences in sex organs, between the sexes (male and female).
8. This occurs when personal biases influence the way in which researchers collect or analyze data.
10. The steroid hormone produced by the testes as the primary male hormone that affects male sex and reproductive development.

11. A research technique that consists of an intensive investigation of one or a few individuals.
12. Gender descriptor, most often associated with men, defined by assertiveness, task orientation, being stoic or emotionless, and independence.
16. An individual's enduring sexual attraction that may be heterosexual, gay, lesbian, bisexual, or queer.
17. Overgeneralized and oversimplified beliefs about people in a recognized category.
19. A bias interpretation of behavior from one's own cultural viewpoint and understanding.
20. The societal expectations for thoughts, behaviors, and activities assigned to males and females.
21. A form of prejudice or discrimination that is based on the characteristic of sex or gender.

Word Bank

minimalists	masculinity	pituitary	gender	ethnocentric	role	prejudice
sex	casestudy	gonads	testosterone	transgender	estrogen	dimorphism
subjectivity	cultural	androgynous	sexism	orientation	stereotypes	androcentric
cisgender	qualitative	identity	femininity			