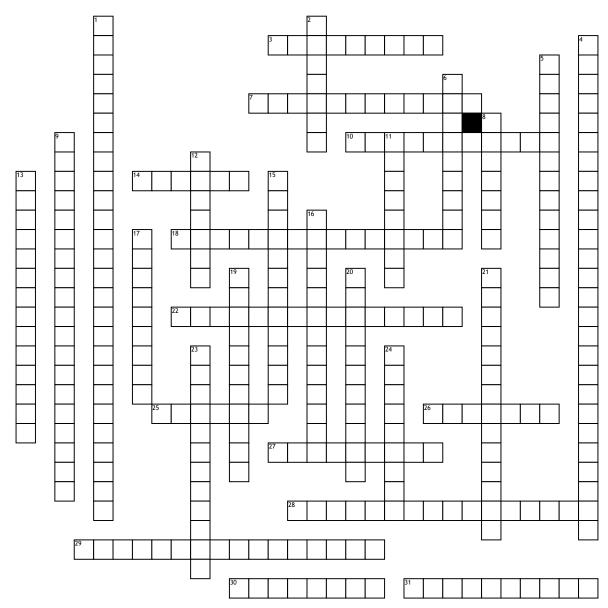
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Genetics



Across

- **3.** The set of observable characteristics of an individual
- **7.** Process where homologous chromosomes pair up
- **10.** A form of dominance where alleles of a gene pair
- 14. A feature of an organism
- **18.** A trait that is controlled by a group of nonalleic genes
- **22.** A genetic cross between parents that differ in alleles
- 25. One of the possible forms of a gene
- **26.** Having a single set of unpaired chromosomes
- **27.** Determining the genotype of the latter by guessing
- **28.** Aquiring one hereditary factor from each parent

- **29.** Aquiring one hereditary factor from each parent
- **30.** Genetic constitution of an individual organism
- **31.** When an individual has two of the same allele

Down

- 1. Two or more characteristics that are inherited, giving different traits
- **2.** Cell division that results with four daughter cells
- **4.** Two or more characteristics that are inherited, giving different traits opportunities
- 5. A diagram used to predict an outcome of a cross-breeding organism
- 6. An ancestor line or chart
- **8.** An organism that has inherited a recessive allele or mutation

- **9.** A form of intermediate inheritance which an allele trait is not expressed
- 11. A gene masking the effect of the recessive gene
- **12.** Containing two complete sets of chromosomes
- 13. A gene located in the sex
- **15.** One allele is dominant and one is recessive
- **16.** Two organisms that are identical for two traits
- **17.** A gene masked by a dominant gene
- 19. The likelihood of an event to occur
- **20.** A form of dominance where alleles of a gene pair are fully expressed
- **21.** The tendency of DNA sequences that are close together on a chromosome
- 23. A gene located in the sex chromosome 24. Any chromosome that is not a sex chromosome