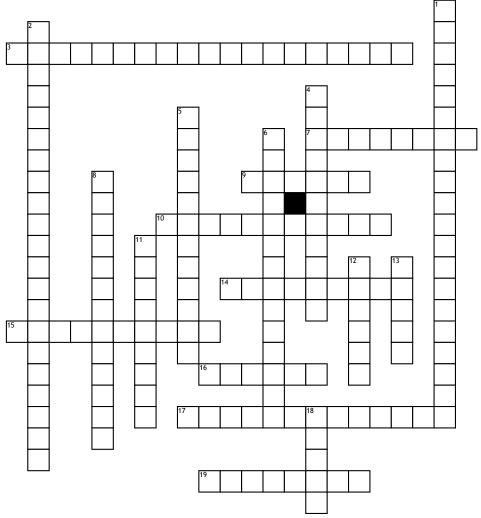
## Genetics Unit: Vocabulary



## **Across**

- 3. Cases where the heterozygous phenotype lies somewhere between the two homozygous phenotypes are called
- 7. Alleles the chromosomes carry that code for a phenotype
- 9. alternate forms of a gene
- 10. Alleles are equally expressed in a heterozygote
- 14. the set of observable characteristics of an individual resulting from the interaction of its genotype with the environment.
- **15.** Both alleles present are identical.
- 16. reproductive cell

- 17. Table method used to assess probabilities of outcomes in genetics.
- 19. the study of heredity and the variation of inherited characteristics.

- 1. Mendel's second conclusion, which states that some alleles are dominant and others are recessive
- 2. Each pair of alleles segregates separately of any other pair of alleles when gametes are formed.
- 4. The two alleles for each trait separate when gametes form.
- 5. Having two different alleles for a trait present.

- 6. If a trait is controlled by multiple alleles, the gene exists in 3 or more allelic forms
- 8. the action or process of fertilizing an egg, female animal, or plant, involving the fusion of male and female gametes to form a zygote.
- 11. Traits that are produced by the interaction of several genes are referred to as
- 12. the offspring of two plants or animals of different species or varieties 13. coded information in the form of
- hereditary units.
- **18.** Form of a characteristic represented.

## **Word Bank**

hybrid homozygous genetics gamete heterozygous genes Principle of dominance fertilization segregation Genotype Multiple allele polygenic Codominance trait Punnett square

independent assortment incomplete dominance Allele phenotype