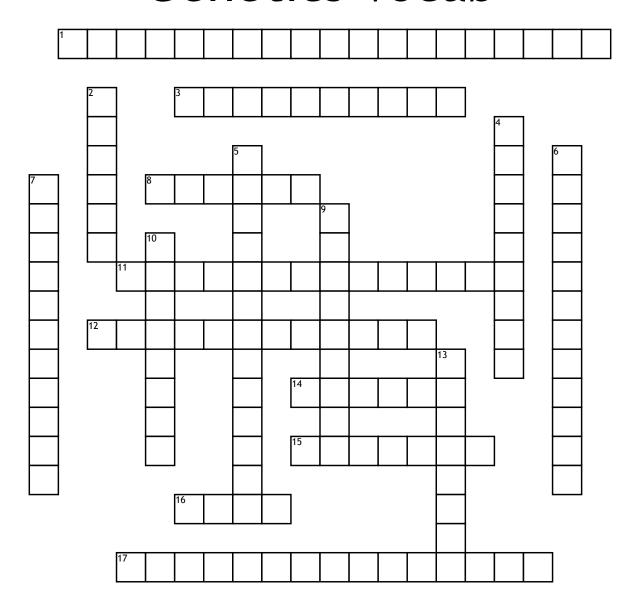
Genetics Vocab



Across

- 1. A type of inheritance in which the recessive allele is not completely hidden; the heterozygous genotype results in a blending of traits. ex. red, pink, white flowers
- **3.** a zygote which has two of the same alleles; inherited the same allele from both parents
- **8.** the variants of a gene; different options/choices of a trait
- 11. A trait that is carried on the sex chromosomes (X or Y). Usually the trait is carried on the X chromosome, making males more likely to show the phenotype. ex. color-blindness
- **12.** process that occurs during Prophase I of meiosis in which the homologous chromosomes exchange genetic information with each other, results in genetic diversity
- **14.** a fertilized egg; the first cell of a developing offspring
- **15.** a type of cell division that creates gametes (sex cells)
- **16.** A segment of DNA or a chromosome that codes for a specific trait.
- 17. A trait that is controlled by more than two alleles. ex. IA, IB, i alleles control blood type

<u>Dowr</u>

2. sex cell; egg and sperm

- **4.** A genetic diagram that shows the chromosomes of an individual organism
- **5.** the union of a sperm and egg during sexual reproduction
- **6.** a zygote which has two different alleles; inherited different alleles from each parent
- 7. A type of inheritance in which both alleles are equally dominant; the heterozygous genotype results in both traits showing. ex. white, black & white, black chicken feathers
- 9. the physical appearance of a trait
- 10. the genetic make-up of a trait
- **13.** A genetic diagram that shows the inheritance over several generations of a family