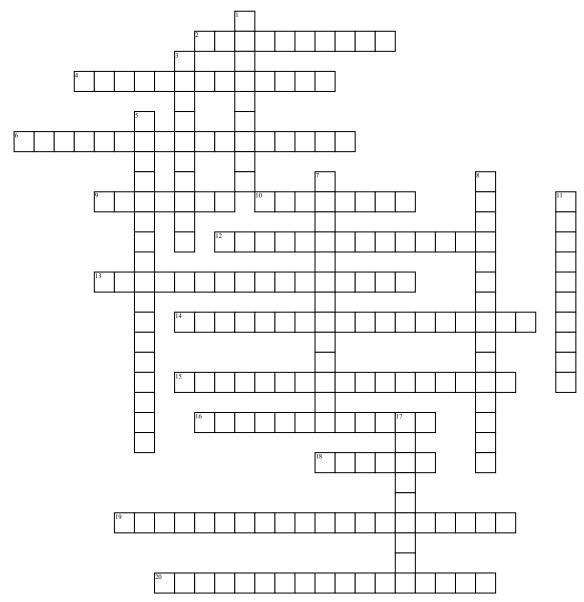
| Name: | Date: | Period: |
|-------|-------|---------|
| | | |

Geology



Across

- **2.** Rocks broken down into smaller pieces by wind water or ice
- **4.** A large rip in the earths crust were magma seeps through the sea floor
- **6.** New sea floor is formed when magma is forced upward into the surface at a mid ocean ridge
- **9.** Sediments are carried away to new location by wind water or ice
- **10.** Elevation level of the land whennot joins the sea
- **12.** Map that shows the elevations of crustal features
- **13.** Wegners hypothesis that all continents were once together

- **14.** When two tectonic plates move twords eachother
- **15.** When two tectonic plates move away from each other
- **16.** Lines on a topographic map that show shape, and elevation of the land
- **18.** A large acient land mass that was composed of all the continents together
- **19.** Theory that the lithosphere is dovided into tectonic plates
- **20.** When two twotonic plates slide past each other

Down

1. Scientist that suggested the theory of sea floor spreading

- **3.** Sediment is droped in new location br wind water or ice
- **5.** Lables on the lines of a topographic map that show changes in elevation in even increments
- 7. German meterologist who proposed the theory of continental drift
- **8.** A long narrow steep sided depression in the ocean botton
- 11. Occurs at a convergent boundary when an oceanic Plate sinks under a continental plate
- 17. Height, how high the land is above sea level