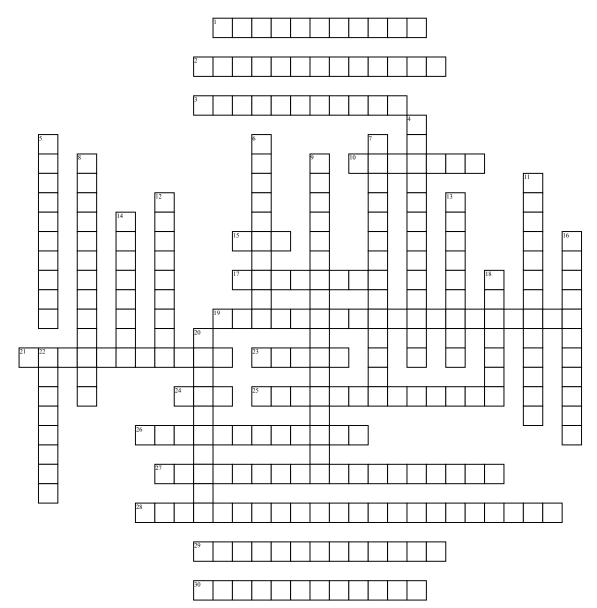
Name:	Date:	Period:

Geometery



Across

- 1. Total area of all the faces and curved surfaces of a three-dimensional figure
- **2.** Angle formed by two sides of a polygon with common vertex
- **3.** Side directly across from the angle you're looking from
- **10.** What are angles measured in
- **15.** A continuous portion of a circle containing two endpoints and all of the points on the circle between them
- **17.** Lines that have the same slope
- **19.** Angles on the same side of the transversal and on the same side of the intersecting lines
- **21.** The side next to the angle you are looking from
- **23.** A segment whose endpoints lie on a circle

- **24.** Line with one end point
- **25.** Part of a secant line with at least 1 point on the circle
- **26.** An angle less than 180, whose vertex lies at the center of the circle
- **27.** a ratio of two sides of a right triangle
- **28.** Lie on opposite sides of the transversal and outside of the intersected lines.
- **29.** Angles that add up to 90 degrees **30.** a region of a plane that intersects a solid figure

Down

- 4. Ending point of the vector
- **5.** Longest side of a triangle
- **6.** A pair of adjacent whose
- non-common sidesfrom a straight line
- 7. Angles that are opposite each other when two lines intersect

- **8.** Angles that add up to 180 degrees
- **9.** A triangle with at least two congruent sides
- 11. Shape with all acute angles
- **12.** Equal the same
- **13.** 12 sided polygon
- **14.** A three sided polygon
- **16.** A line that intersects two or more coplanar lines at different points
- **18.** A line the intersects a circle at exactly one point
- **20.** A long that intersects a circle at exactly 2 points
- **22.** A segment from one vertex to a non-consecutive vertex