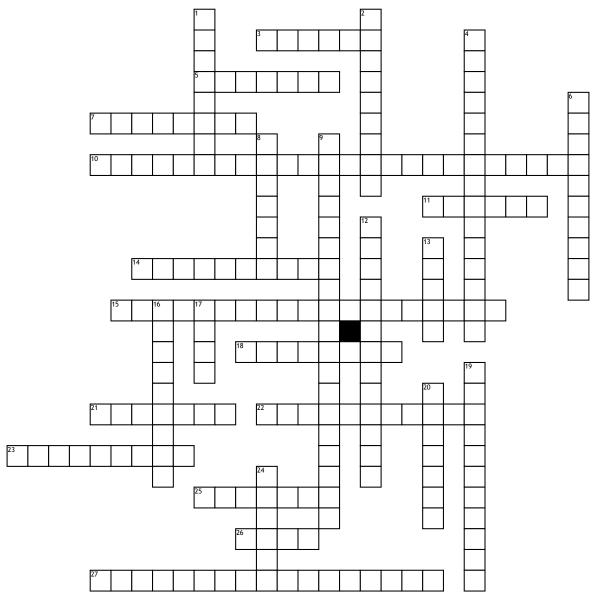
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## Geometric terms



## **Across**

- **3.** The adjacent leg divided by the hypotenuse
- **5.** The opposite leg divided by the adjacent leg
- 7. a polygon with 7 sides
- 10. Line Segments that intersect (cross) at an angle of  $90\,^\circ$
- **11.** Point at which two line segments intersect (forming an angle)
- 14. An angle that measures 90
- **15.** A triangle with all three sides of equal length (each internal angles =  $60^{\circ}$ )
- **18.** a polygon with 3 sides
- 21. a polygon with 9 sides

- 22. Part of a line between two points
- 23. a polygon with 12 sides
- 25. a polygon with ten sides
- **26.** The side opposite the angle divided by the hypotenuse
- **27.** A triangle with two equal length sides (and two equal internal angles)

## Down

- 1. a polygon with 5 sides
- **2.** a parallelogram having four right angles
- **4.** A triangle with all three sides with different lengths
- **6.** An angle that measures less than  $90^{\circ}$
- 8. a polygon with 8 sides

- **9.** Line segments that never intersect (they are always the same distance apart)
- **12.** a polygon with four sides
- **13.** A location in space
- 16. a polygon with 11 sides
- 17. Connects two points via the shortest path and continues indefinitely (forever) in both directions
- **19.** An angle that measures more than  $90^{\circ}$
- 20. a polygon with 6 sides
- **24.** Distance (line segment) from center of a circle to any point on that circle's circumference.