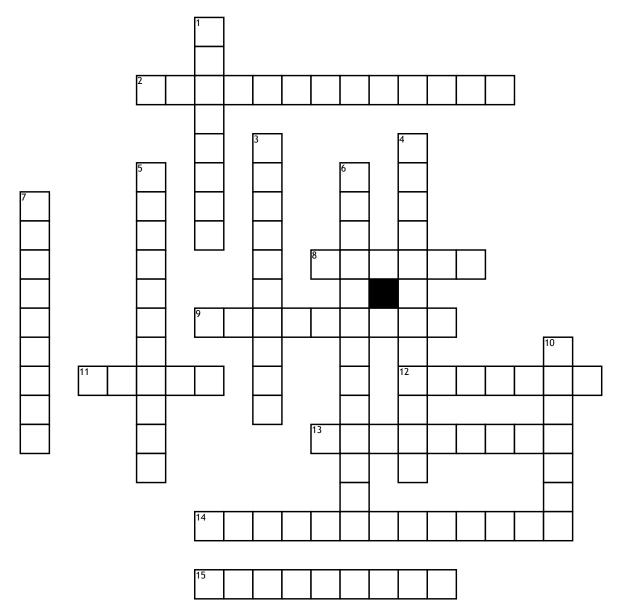
Name:	Date:	

Glaciers



Across

- **2.** the total amount of sediment and size of the particles being moved by the stream
- **8.** high land that separates one gully from the next or one river valley from the next
- **9.** the volume of water flowing past a given point in a stream at a given time
- **11.** a miniature valley formed by erosion from heavy rains
- **12.** permeable underground layer through which groundwater flows relatively easily
- **13.** the level of the body of water into which a stream flows

- **14.** highest percentage of the transported load in a meandering stream?
- **15.** The meander cutoff forms a short but sharp increase in stream gradient, causing the river to completely abandon the old meander loop, which remains as a crescent-shaped lake

Down

- 1. process of erosion in which windblown or waterborne particles, such as sand, scrape against rock surface or other materials and wear them away
- **3.** the state in which rock materials carried by a river are stirred up and kept from sinking by the turbulence of stream flow

- 4. the most effective erosion agent
- **5.** a stream deposit that accumulates in a dry basins at the base of a mountain front
- **6.** all the land that drains into the river, either directly or through its tributaries; Watershed
- **7.** all the land that drains into the river, either directly or through its tributaries; Drainage basin
- **10.** sand, pebbles, and boulders that are moved along the bed of a stream and that are too heavy to be carried in suspension