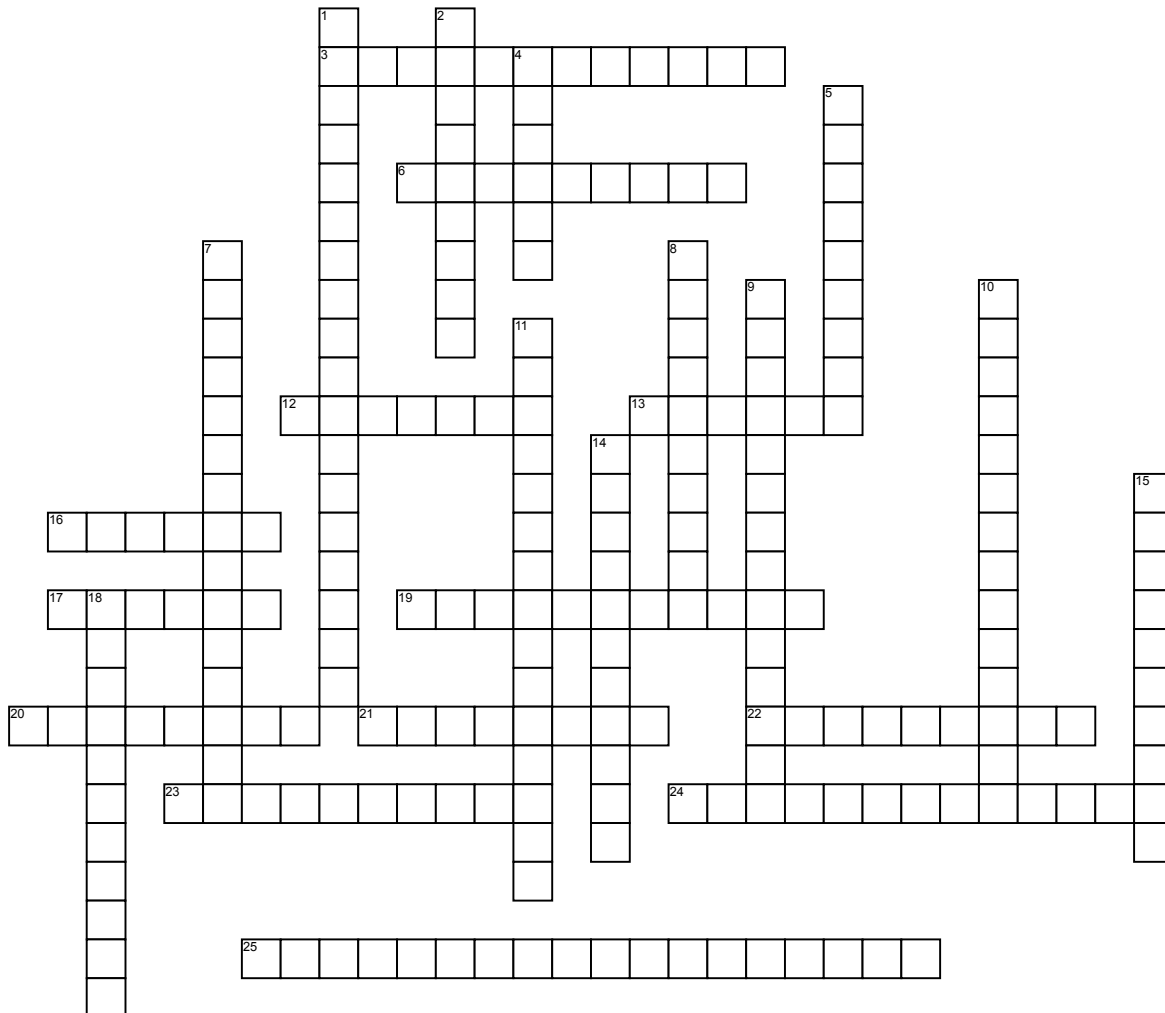


Glossary Words



Across

- 3.** The belief that Christ is really and truly present in the consecrated bread and wine of the Eucharist.
- 6.** A papal letter with a seal (bulla) attached.
- 12.** One who does not believe, formally applied to non-Christians
- 13.** A teaching or an opinion, about a matter of belief, which differs from the orthodox teaching proclaimed by the Church.
- 16.** The selling of holy things.
- 17.** The office and jurisdiction of the pope.
- 19.** A court of the Catholic Church set up to discover and suppress heresy and to punish obstinate heretics.
- 20.** The ability to act freely in a particular matter when there is a choice available.
- 21.** An official teaching of the church
- 22.** A manual of instruction in the Christian doctrine. It was first used by Martin Luther.

- 23.** The remission of temporal punishment for sin

24. A philosophical, political and scientific movement in the 18th century Europe that rejected tradition and authority, relying on human reason.

25. People in England who wished to "purify" the doctrine and worship of the Anglican Church in a more protestant direction.

Down

- 1.** The complete change of the substance of bread and wine into the substance of the Christ's body and blood.
- 2.** An abuse in Church practice by which a Bishop was appointed to more than one diocese from which he drew the revenue without performing duties.
- 4.** A prayer consisting of 150 Hail Marys, based on words of the angel to Mary at the announcement of Jesus' coming.
- 5.** A form of government where God acting through religious leaders directly rules.

7. A church penalty by which someone is cut off from communion with the faithful and refused access to the sacraments.

8. A member of any church that separated from the Roman Catholic church during the reformation of the 16th century.

9. Formal meetings of Bishops to discuss important issues facing the Church.

10. This term comes from the Latin meaning "to determine beforehand".

11. A group of people who take vows of poverty, chastity and obedience and who live a communal life under a constitution approved by the church.

14. A country where the principles of Christianity govern the laws and civil institution.

15. A disease that spread to Europe from Asia in the late 1340's and killed 20 to 30 million people.

18. A form of corruption by which a bishop or other church official enjoyed the revenue from a position.