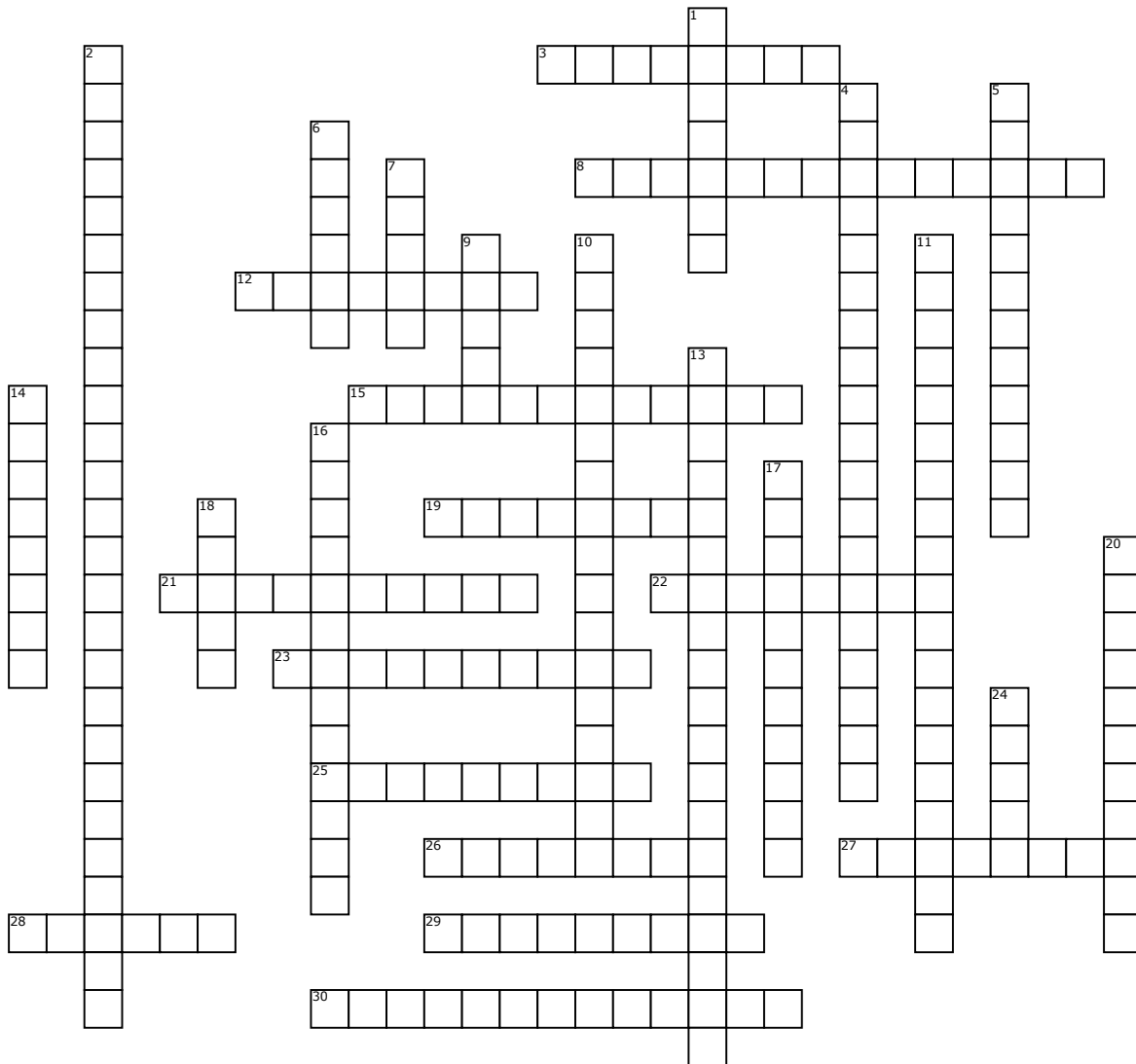


Grade 9 Math Cbse Crossword



Across

3. A letter representing a number or value that can change or vary is a _____.

8. Write the name of the quadrant in which the point $(-3, -5)$ lies.

12. A two-termed polynomial is a _____.

15. A term with no variables, that's value remains the same is a _____.

19. In the fourth quadrant, y is _____.

21. A mathematical phrase with operators connecting numbers and variables is an _____.

22. In the fourth quadrant. x is ...

23. A _____ is an algebraic expression made by adding or subtracting terms.

25. A three-termed polynomial is a _____.

26. An _____ is a mathematical statement that says two expressions are equal.

27. In the third quadrant, x is...

28. The point of intersection of the coordinate axes is called _____.

29. Terms that have the same variable(s) raised to the same exponent(s) are _____.

30. In which quadrant does the point $(-1, 2)$ lies

Down

1. Numbers or variables that form a product are _____.

2. The decimal expansion of $\sqrt{2}$ is

4. The angle of a triangle are in the ratio $5 : 3 : 7$, the triangle is

5. When the terms of a polynomial are ordered from highest to lowest degree is known as _____.

6. $(-1, 2)$ lies in which quadrant

7. Numbers, variables, and the products of numbers and variables are all _____.

9. The vertical line is called _____.

10. The points $(-5, 2)$ and $(2, -5)$ lie in the _____.

11. If one angle of a triangle is equal to the other two, then the triangle is called _____.

13. The degree of the term with the greatest degree is the _____.

14. A one-termed polynomial is a _____.

16. In a term, the sum of the exponents on the variables is the _____.

17. Terms with different variables, or the same variables raised to different exponents are _____.

18. The horizontal line is called _____.

20. The number that a variable is being multiplied with is called the _____.

24. $(2, 3)$ Lies in which quadrant