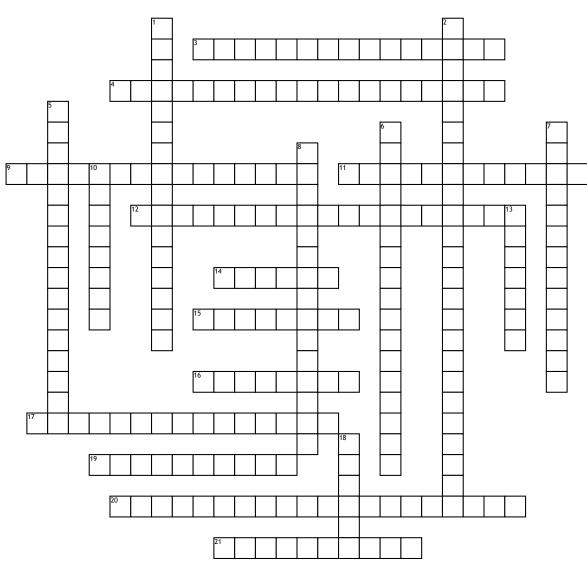
## Head, Back & Neck



## <u>Across</u>

3. Types of \_\_\_\_\_:

- lordosis, kyphosis, scoliosis
- 4. Pinched nerve in the neck9. Underneath the

trapezius, on side and back of neck

11. Fuses vertebrae together

**12.** Shock absorbers and gives back flexibility

**14.** Strongest and largest vertebrae

**15.** Over head of humerus

**16.** Irritation of the large nerve- pain down leg

**17.** Anterior upper broad area of chest

**19.** Give mobility & flexibility to spine- true joints

**20.** Most common in football players and wrestlers

**21.** An agitation to the brain **Down** 

**1.** Abduction and lateral rotation of scapula

2. Herniated or slipped disc

**5.** Flexion- causes wedge compression

**6.** Torn or stretched muscles in lower back

**7.** Elevation, adduction and medial rotation of scapula

**8.** Depresses shoulder, abducts scapula

10. Least mobile vertebrae

13. Intraspinous ligament

connects \_\_\_\_\_ process's together

**18.** Make up the spinal cord, 31 pairs exit