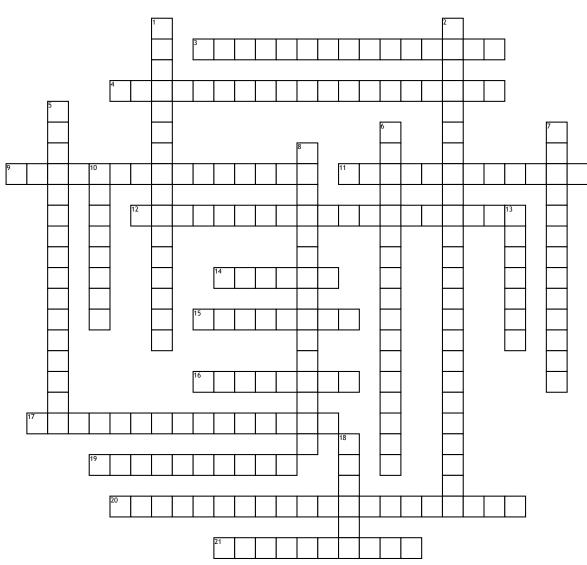
Head, Back & Neck



<u>Across</u>

3. Types of _____:

- lordosis, kyphosis, scoliosis
- 4. Pinched nerve in the neck9. Underneath the

trapezius, on side and back of neck

11. Fuses vertebrae together

12. Shock absorbers and gives back flexibility

14. Strongest and largest vertebrae

15. Over head of humerus

16. Irritation of the large nerve- pain down leg

17. Anterior upper broad area of chest

19. Give mobility & flexibility to spine- true joints

20. Most common in football players and wrestlers

21. An agitation to the brain **Down**

1. Abduction and lateral rotation of scapula

2. Herniated or slipped disc

5. Flexion- causes wedge compression

6. Torn or stretched muscles in lower back

7. Elevation, adduction and medial rotation of scapula

8. Depresses shoulder, abducts scapula

10. Least mobile vertebrae

13. Intraspinous ligament

connects _____ process's together

18. Make up the spinal cord, 31 pairs exit