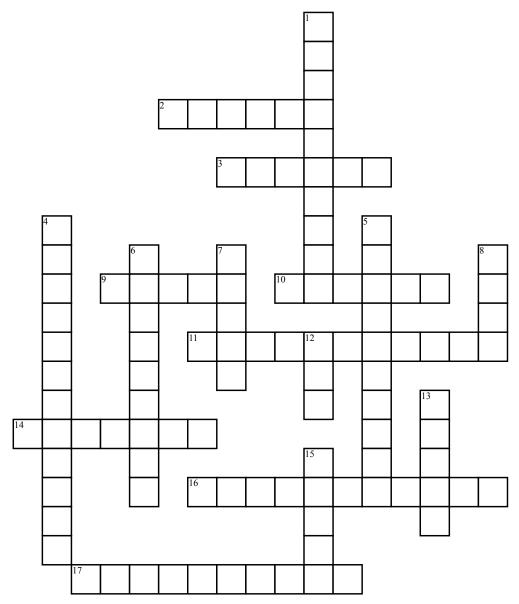
Name:	Date:	

Heart Failure



Across

- **2.** This electrolyte should be restricted to less than 1500mg/day in HF patients
- **3.** 40 mg of PO Furosemide is equivalent to how many mg of IV furosemide
- **9.** When EF >50% this is known as what type of HF?
- **10.** A patient with structural heart disease but without signs or symptoms of HF would be classified as what ACCF/AHA stage?
- 11. This class of medication slows heart rate, allowing better ventricular filling (increased EF)
- **14.** The amount of myocardial fiber stretch at the end of diastole

- **16.** Used in AA patients class III who are symptomatic despite ACE/BB
- **17.** What is the target dose of metoprolol in patients with HF?

Down

- 1. A patient who presents with SOB, rapid weight gain with elevated JVP & rales would be classified as which type of AHF (3 words)
- **4.** Which class of medication inhibits reabsorption of Na+ and Cl- at ascending limb of Loop of Henle?
- 5. Major toxicity of both ACE/ARB's
- **6.** the resistance that must be overcome in order for the ventricle to eject blood

- 7. When EF < 40% and there is systolic dysfunction, this is know as which type of HF?
- **8.** Which Class is unable to carry on any physical activity without symptoms of HF
- **12.** This lab value indicates level of myocardial stretch and is often elevated in HF patients
- **13.** This class of medications is often used to treat pain & should be avoided in HF
- **15.** Spironolactone & ARBs have been shown to decrease mortality in HFpEF. True or False