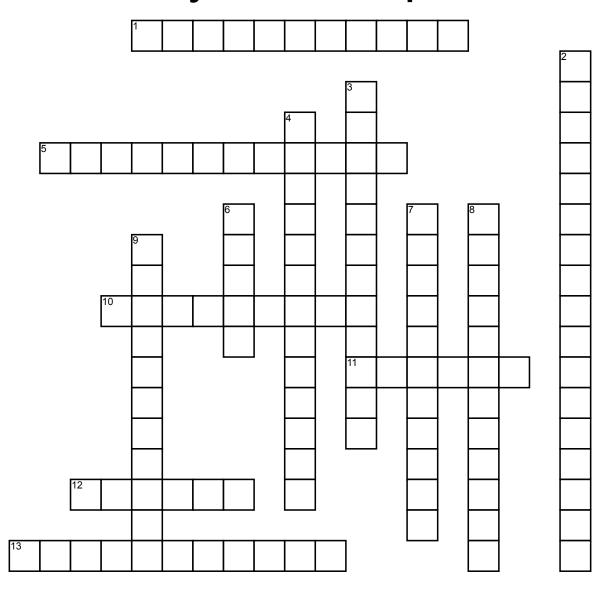
Name:	Date:
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History Of Computers



Across

- **1.** Are electron tube that grants the user free electric current.
- **5.** Also known as Napier's Rods. Used for math and multiplication purposes.
- **10.** An arithmetic machine made by Blaise Pascal in the early 17th century.
- **11.** An Acronym For Universal Automatic Computer
- **12.** Early mathematical or computing tool. Invented by the Chinese in 500 B.C.

13. She was a pioneer in developing computer technology during the 1940's to the 1950's.

Down

- 2. Integrated circuit or IC, is also called a chip. It allows many electronic components onto tiny chips no bigger than a bee. These chips are made of silicon and other materials. These are important because they are used for amplifiers for several of our home technology.
- **3.** Also known as a lipstick in the U.S. Is a mechanical analog computer. It was used primarily for multiplying and dividing.

- **4.** Is an electromechanical machine designed to assist in summarizing information stored on punched cards.
- **6.** An Acronym for Electronic Numerical Integrator And Computer
- 7. Like vacuum tubes they amplify electronic signals. Are a a semiconductor device with three connections.
- **8.** Also called Jacquard Attachment. He improved the punched card system.
- **9.** Was a mathematician. Known to be the first computer programmer.