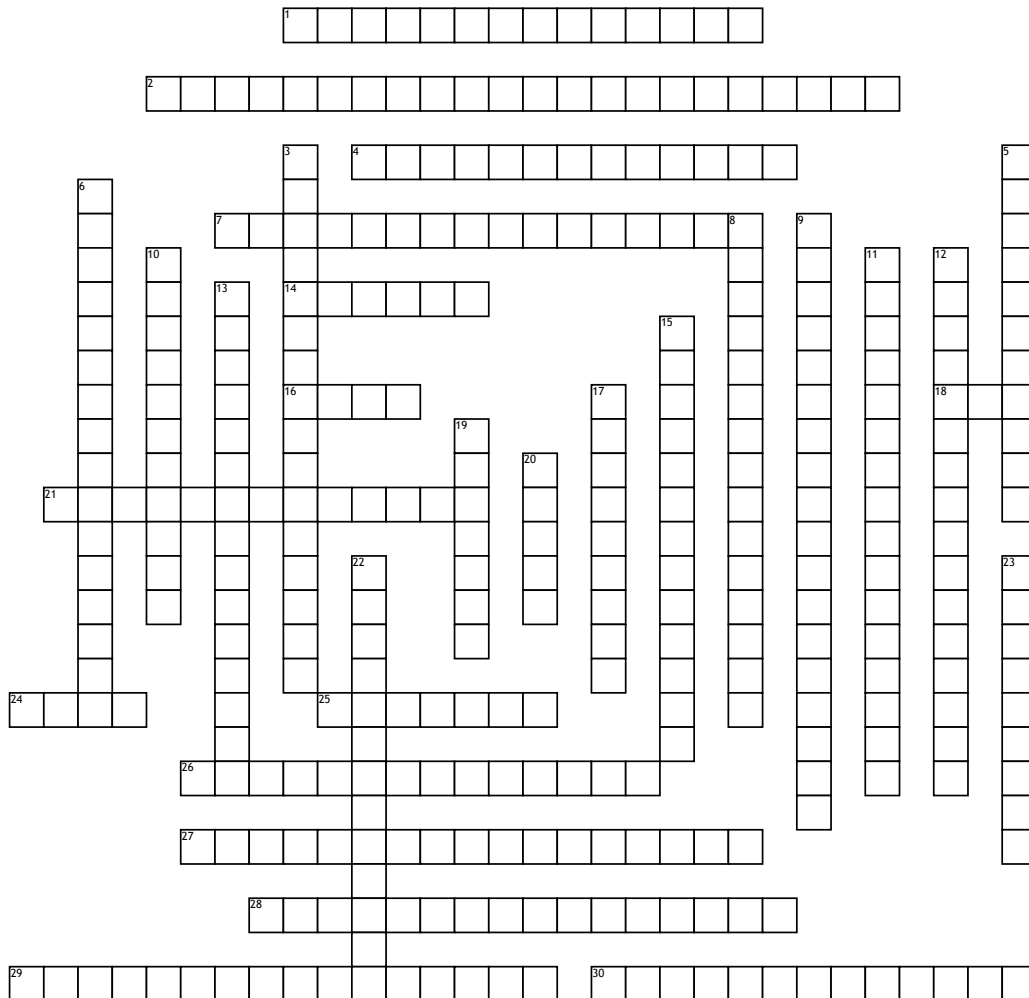


Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

History of the Civil Rights Movement



Across

1. Ethnic prejudices did exist in society
2. Racial segregation in public schools
4. Guaranteed citizenship for all born in the USA
7. ordered school districts across the country to desegregate
14. Protest in which demonstrators refuse to leave
16. civil-rights group formed to give younger Black people more of a voice
18. Every state must treat individuals equally
21. Ended racial segregation
24. Association which successfully staged a 381-day boycott
25. African American Leader
26. Popular baseball player
27. The refusal to comply with certain laws
28. Struggle for racial equality
29. A per curiam order
30. The right to vote can not be denied

Down

3. "separate but equal"
5. Civil rights protest of 1955-1956
6. 1st African American to promote racial equality
8. Equal educational opportunities regardless of their race.

9. Important leader of the U.S. Civil Rights Movement
10. Enforcement of racial segregation
11. use of racial "quotas" unconstitutional
12. Provision of the U.S. Constitution
13. Banned interracial marriages
15. Non violent Protest
17. Refusal to give up seat on bus
19. Supreme court case in Alabama
20. Association of African Americans
22. Abolished slavery in the United States
23. Can not be discriminated between sexes

Word Bank

M. Bus Boycott

E.P.C.

Brown v. Board of education

Swann v. Charlotte

Dr. Martin Luther King

Palmore v. Sidoti

Loving v. Virginia

Dawson v. Baltimore

14th Amendment

Jackie Robinson

REED V. REED

Orr v. Orr

Rosa Parks

Thurgood Marshall

NAACP

Jim Crow laws

California v. Bakke

15th Amendment

Letter from B.C.J.

Malcomx

Plessy vs Ferguson

Commercial clause

S.N.C.C.

Sit-ins

Civil disobedience

13th Amendment

Gayle v. Browder

Token Integration

Alexander v. Holmes

S.C.L.C.