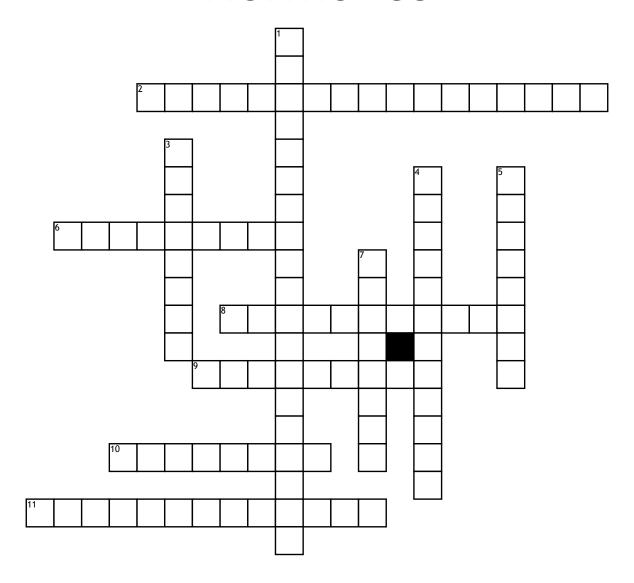
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## Hormones



## **Across**

- 2. Produces a large amount of hormones that perform functions in response to the functions signaled by the hypothalamic neurons and the hypothalamus and pituitary gland are connected.
- 6. This has many actions towards reproduction, water balance, and behavior associated with parental care.
- 8. Increases water reabsorption in the kidney and affects learning and memory...
- 9. Increases oxidation rates in tissue and affects neural development

in which hormones are heavily involved.

- 10. Stimulates milk letdown and uterine contractions during birth; also linked to social bonding and behavior 11. the investigation between the mind and the body.

- 1. Regulates sexual motivation and performance in females and males. It also plays a role in behavior.
- 3. the way in which one acts or conducts oneself, especially toward others.
- 4. Promotes sperm production and male secondary sexual characteristics. Promotes sexual motivation and behavior, typically by being converted to estradiol
- **5.** Chemical substances that are secreted by endocrine glands or specialized secretory cells into the blood or nearby tissues to act on those tissues and affect its function.
- 7. "A hormone that is present in both men and women, while men have higher levels of testosterone and women have higher levels of progesterone."