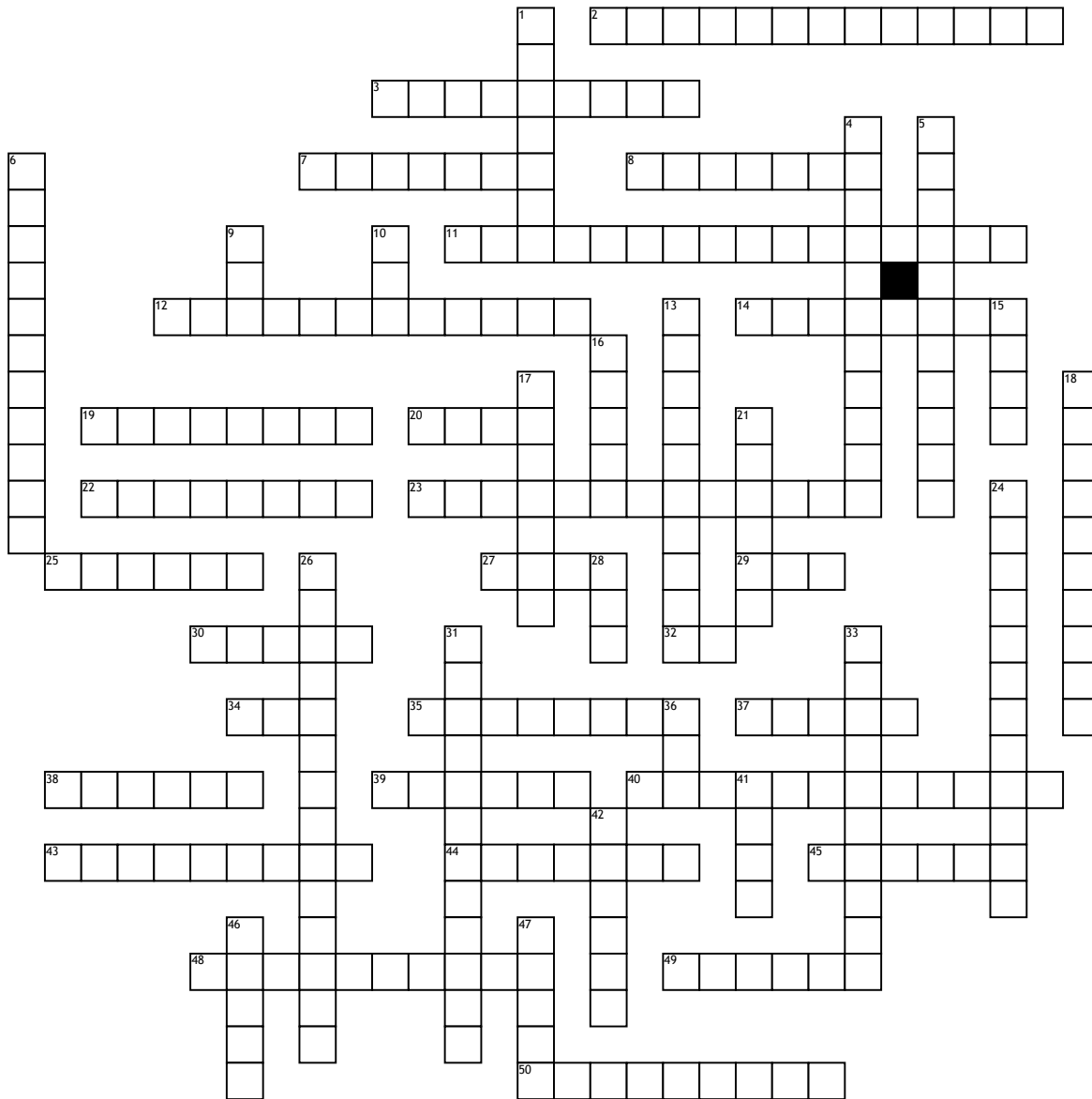


Human immunodeficiency virus



Across

2. Mothers can transmit HIV to infants through _____
3. When treatment doesn't work mean that the HIV has become _____
7. Which medication combines other antiretrovirals to treat HIV-1?
8. One of the most common HIV medications which combine two NRTIs (emtricitabine and tenofovir) is _____
11. Type of HIV test is _____
12. HIV can be transmitted from blood _____
14. Brain tumor that affect people with HIV
19. If antibodies and antigens are found in a HIV test that mean that the test is _____
20. Common symptom of HIV
22. Leading cause of mortality and cancer for patients infected with HIV
23. A potentially deadly infection caused by Toxoplasma gondii is _____
25. A FDA approved medication to treat HIV is _____
27. Stage 4 of HIV infection is _____
29. Another way HIV is transmitted _____
30. Primary infection is also called _____ HIV
32. Does having HIV always mean a person have AIDS ?
34. HIV doesn't spread through _____
35. A neurological complication of HIV

37. A major HIV disease in people that have hepatitis B or C

38. Which is one of the tests doctors use to find HIV antigens and antibodies

39. HIV attacks _____ body system

40. Most of adults with suffer from complications which are related to HIV

43. First stage of HIV is _____

44. Clinical latent infection is a _____ HIV stage

45. Common HIV tumor that affects digestive tract and lungs _____ (sarcoma)

48. Damage of nerves by HIV is called _____

49. Another common disease of HIV that most often affect black or hispanic people

50. A neurological symptom caused by HIV

Down

1. HIV interferes with the ability of human's body to fight

4. One of two most commonly cell types that become infected in vivo is _____

5. Stage 3 of HIV infection is _____

6. A common infection caused from HIV _____ (thrush)

9. Test being used for HIV need to be approved by _____

10. HIV symptoms are similar to _____ symptoms

13. HIV causes physiological conditions such as anxiety and _____

15. HIV can advance to _____

16. Medication prescribed for treatment of HIV by a healthcare provider are based on the person's _____ load

17. HIV virus causes _____ diarrhea

18. In presence of HIV body produces _____

21. Type of HIV test

24. Stage 2 of HIV infection is _____

26. Medicines to stop HIV are called _____

28. HIV can infect anyone of any _____

31. A common infection of HIV _____ Pneumonia

33. Neurological complication that mostly affect people with HIV is termed vacuolar _____

36. HIV can infect anyone of any _____

41. A common symptom of HIV

42. Immunity that represents the first line defense against pathogens is _____ immunity

46. Common symptom of HIV

47. HIV virus causes swollen _____ glands