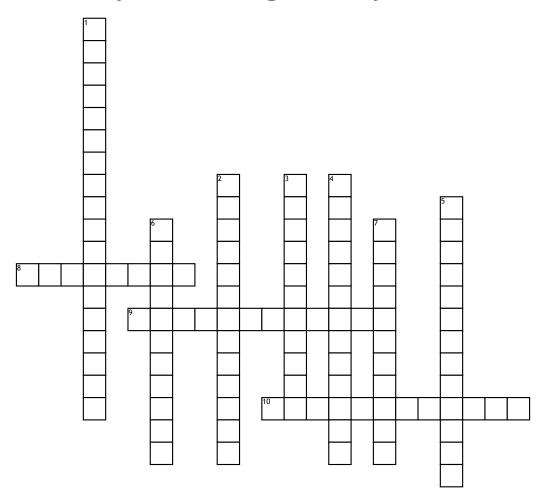
Name:	Date:	Period:

## Hydrologic Cycle



## **Across**

- **8.** Underground layers of sand, gravel, and water-bearing rock.
- **9.** Is the process by which water vapor in the air is changed into liquid water.
- **10.** is the process by which precipitation or water soaks into subsurface soils and moves into rocks through cracks and pore spaces.

## Down

**1.** Collects, purifies, and distributes Earth's fixed supply of water.

- 2. Precipitation that falls on land and falls over land surfaces into streams.rivers, lakes,wetlands,and the ocean, where it can evaporate and repeat the hydro logic cycle.
- 3. The conversion of liquid water vapor.
- **4.** The process by which plants use evaporation to release excess water through tiny pores in their leaves.
- **5.** Gravity drawing water back to Earths surface as rain, snow, or sleet
- **6.** Where water travels downwards through the tiny spaces between rocks and the soil particles
- 7. Water that seeps deeper through the soil

## **Word Bank**

Evaporation Condensation
Percolation Groundwater
Aquifers Infiltration
Surface Runoff

The Hydrologic Cycle
Precipitation
Transpiration