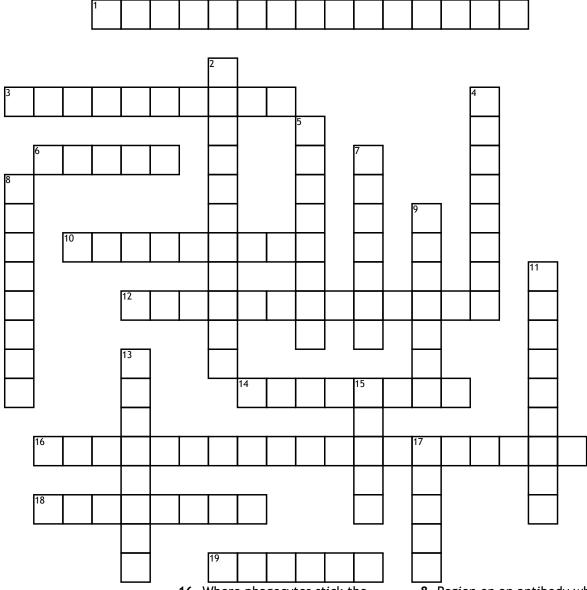
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## **Immunity Crossword**



## **Across**

- 1. Process by which lymphocytes divide quickly by mitosis to increase in number
- **3.** Type of B cell that produces antibodies
- **6.** An acellular structure that invades a host cells and causes disease
- **10.** Type of white blood cell which can engulf a pathogen and is part of our non-specific response to pathogens
- **12.** The clumping together of cells caused by antibodies
- **14.** Region in an antibody that is the same in all antibodies

- **16.** Where phagocytes stick the pathogen's antigens onto it's surface to activate other immune system cells
- **18.** A round organelle which contains digestive enzymes
- **19.** The protein coat surrounding a virus's genetic material

## <u>Down</u>

- **2.** Type of B and T cells which remain in circulation in the blood
- 4. A disease causing micro-organism
- **5.** A micro-organism which has a cell wall made of peptidoglycan (also called murein)
- **7.** Immune response which involves B cells and the production of antibodies

- **8.** Region on an antibody which differs depending on the antigen it binds to
- **9.** A molecule (usually a protein) which can trigger an immune response
- 11. The 'bubble' created by a phagocyte which contains the engulfed bacteria
- **13.** A protein produced by B-cells in response to the presence of a pathogen
- **15.** Type of lymphocyte which does not produce antibodies and include helper and cytotoxic killer types
- **17.** A harmful molecule released by some pathogens