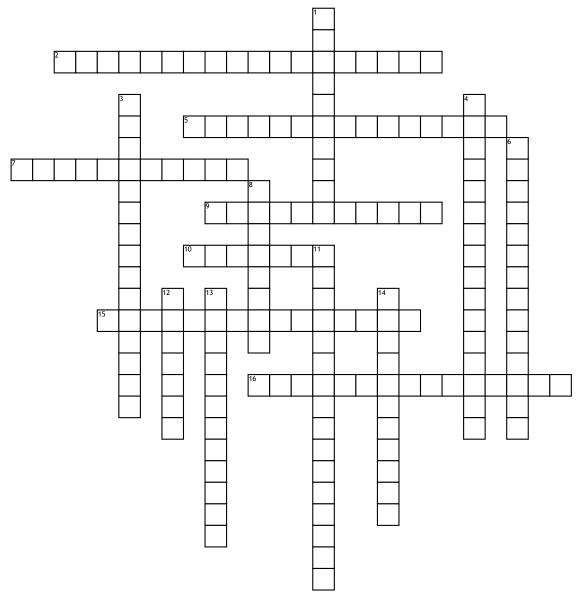
Name:	Date:	Period:

Imperialisn



<u>Across</u>

- **2.** a country or area in which another country has power to affect developments although it has no formal authority.
- 5. A poem written by Rudyard Kipling
- **7.** A policy that extended a country's power and influence through diplomacy or military force
- **9.** The Indian Uprising, or The First War of Indian Independence.
- **10.** War fought in 1879 between the British Empire and the Zulu Kingdom.
- 15. conflict between Japan and China in 1894-95 that marked the emergence of Japan as a major world power and demonstrated the weakness of the Chinese empire.

16. a peace treaty which ended the First Opium War between the United Kingdom and the Qing dynasty of China on 29 August 1842.

<u>Down</u>

- 1. A belief that a country should have a strong military capability and be prepared to use it aggressively to defend or promote its interests.
- **3.** sociological theory popular in late nineteenth-century Europe and the United States.
- **4.** regulated European colonization and trade in Africa during the New Imperialism period and coincided with Germany's sudden emergence as an imperial power.

- **6.** uprising that took place in China between 1899 and 1901, toward the end of the Qing dynasty.
- **8.** A war in the mid-19th century involving China and the British Empire over the British trade of opium and China's sovereignty.
- **11.** A war fought between the Russian Empire and the Empire of Japan
- **12.** War fought between the British Empire and two Boer states
- **13.** A battle fought in March 1896 between the Ethiopian army and the Italian army
- **14.** a political, social, and economic ideology and movement characterized by the promotion of the interests of a particular nation.