Name:	Date:
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Infection Control

1. One-celled microorganisms that have both plant and animal c	haracteristics	A. Fungi
2. harmless organisms that may perform useful functions	1	B. Flagella
3. Bacteria that are harmful microorganisms that can cause dise infection in humans when they invade the body	ase or	C. Pathogenic
4. Round shaped bacteria that appear singly or in groups	!	D. Streptococci
5. Pus-forming bacteria arranged in curved lines resembling a st	ring of beads	E. Staphylococci
6. Spherical bacteria that grow in pairs and cause diseases such	as pneumonia	F. MSDS
7. Pus-forming bacteria that grow in clusters like bunches of gra	pes	G. Contagious disease
8. Short, rod-shaped bacteria	1	H. Sprilla
9. Spiral or corkscrew-shaped bacteria	1	I. Local Infection
10. Hair-like extensions for locomotion also called cilia	,	J. OSHA
11. When cells reach their largest size, they divide into two new	cells 1	K. Diplococci
12. Colonies of microorganisms that adhere to environmental su well as the human body	rfaces, as I	L. Bacilli
13. Submicroscopic particle that infects and resides in the cells organism	of biological	M. Cocci
14. Also known as communicable disease, this disease can spreamperson to another	d from one	N. Sanitizing
15. Occupational Safety Health Administration regulates and enfand health standards to protect employees	orces safety	O. Binary fission
16. Single-cell organisms that grow in irregular masses that inclumildew, and yeast	ıde mold, I	P. Bacteria
17. Material Safety Data Sheets for all chemical products manuf- sold	actured and	Q. Nonpathogenic
18. Chemical products that destroy most bacteria	I	R. Biofilm
19. Infections such as a pimple that is confined to a particular p body ad appears as a lesion containing pus	art of the	S. Disinfectants

20. A chemical process for reducing the number of disease-causing germs on cleaned surfaces to a safe level	T. Virus