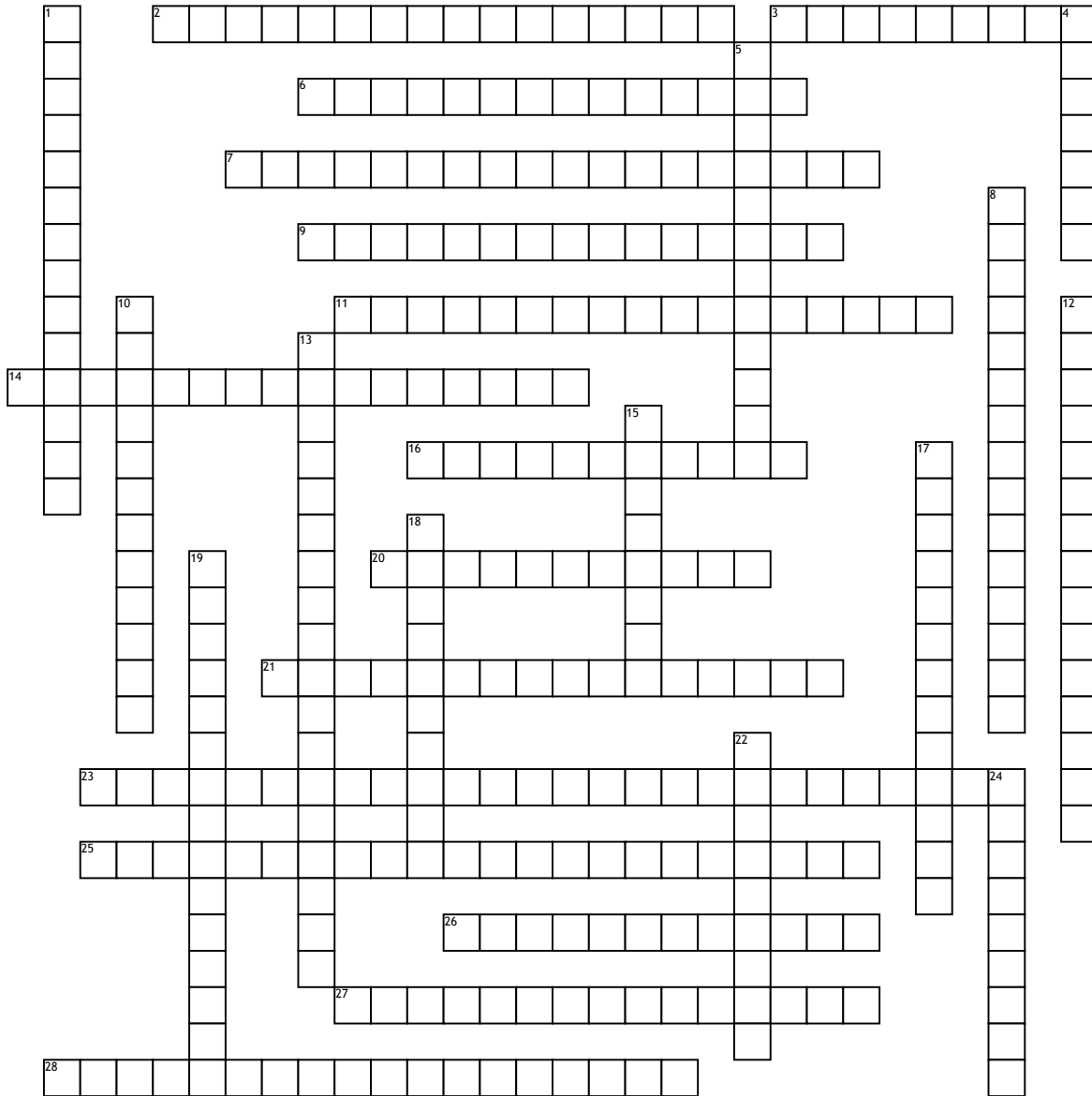


Introduction to Geographic Inquiry Vocabulary



Across

2. The size of the population that produces the best results.
 3. The amount of people who die within a specific amount of time.
 6. Too many people in one geographical location
 7. Factors that either forcefully push people into migration.
 9. This occurs when there are more births than deaths.
 11. Number of people measured living in a given area.
 14. The number of people, other living organisms, or crops that a region can support without environmental degradation
 16. Their primary purpose is to show landforms like deserts, mountains and plains.
 20. To move away from a country (or place) that you were born to live in a different country.
 21. The claim of an elderly parent as a dependent (someone who relies on you financially).

23. Difference between high and low birth and death rates.

25. The arrangement of spread of people living in a given area.
 26. Continent just south of us.
 27. Too few people in one geographical location to sustain their needs.
 28. Free or unforced movement of large migration groups.

Down

1. The statistical measure of the average time an organism is expected to live, based on various demographic factors.
 4. An imaginary line drawn around the earth equally distant from both poles, dividing the earth into northern and southern hemispheres and constituting the parallel of latitude 0°.
 5. Continent we all currently live on.
 8. The crude birth rate minus the crude death rate.
 10. A person who draws or produces maps.

12. Movement of people from their homes due to political conflict, natural disaster, or etc.

13. When people that work to produce economic goods.
 15. The angular distance of a place north or south of the earth's equator, or of a celestial object north or south of the celestial equator, usually expressed in degrees and minutes.
 17. The zero of longitude.
 18. The act of leaving one's own country to settle in another.
 19. An increase of median age in the population due to a declining fertility rate.
 22. The annual number of births per 1,000 people.
 24. The angular distance of a place east or west of the meridian at Greenwich, England, or west of the standard meridian of a celestial object, usually expressed in degrees and minutes.