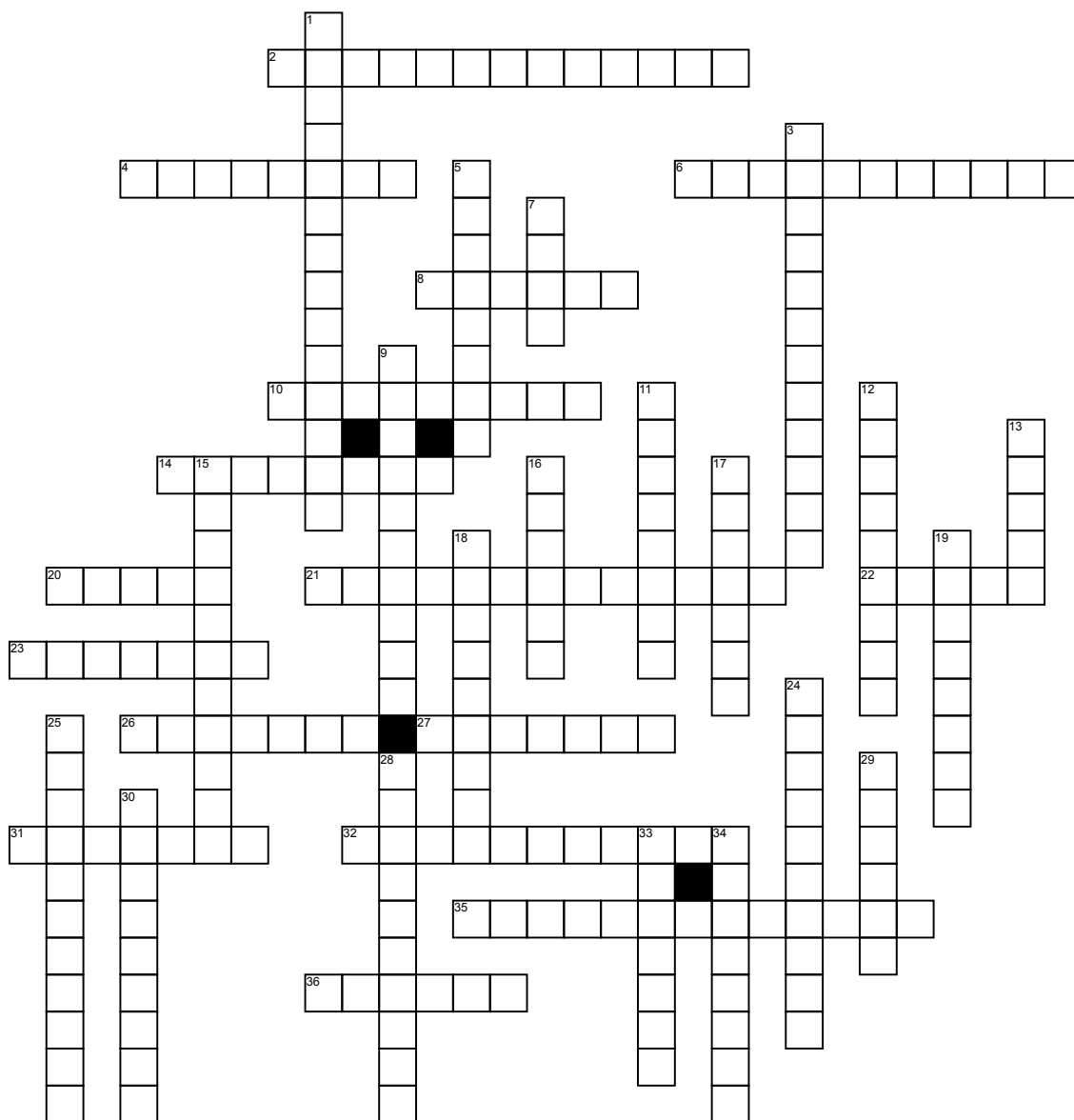


# Invertebrates



## Across

- 2.** change in form as larva develops into adult  
**4.** protects thorax  
**6.** several segments with a greater range of motion  
**8.** large green insect that feed on other insects w/ raised front legs  
**10.** two equal halves  
**14.** invertebrates bodies divided into sections  
**20.** crustacean with broad carapace, stalked eyes, and five pairs of walking legs  
**21.** brain activity  
**22.** make pearls  
**23.** posterior part of invertebrate  
**26.** parasites that live on the blood of prey

- 27.** large marine crustacean with a cylindrical body  
**31.** tube directly behind the mouth  
**32.** plant eating insect with long hind legs  
**35.** fusion of head and thorax  
**36.** segment behind the head  
**Down**  
**1.** male and female  
**3.** internal support  
**5.** shell made of two parts  
**7.** eats clothes  
**9.** stomach foot  
**11.** eats wood  
**12.** openings on abdomen and aid in gas exchange  
**13.** gastropods without shells  
**15.** protects organs

- 16.** move by sliding along a layer of mucus  
**17.** tentacles that surround a more developed nervous system  
**18.** parasites with long ribbon like bodies  
**19.** mouth part for invertebrate  
**24.** slender bodied parasites  
**25.** head foot  
**28.** fertilize dirt  
**29.** parts branch out in all directions symmetrically  
**30.** insects, crustaceans, and arachnids  
**33.** terrestrial isopod  
**34.** known as wheel animals