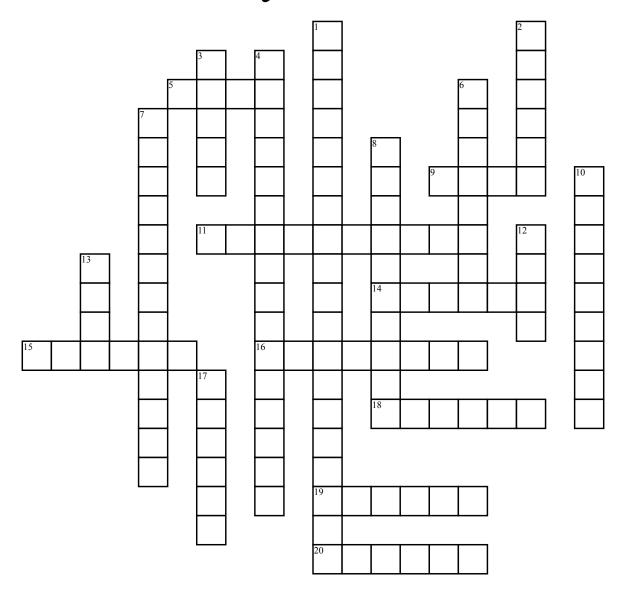
Key Terms



Across

- **5.** Information about a product or p-rocess, usually in numerical form
- 9. a mistake causing results that are not representative of the population
- 11. The entire set of items from which data can be selected
- **14.** The spread of a distribution refers to the variability of the data
- **15.** -measures of center refer to the summary measures used to describe the most "typical" value in a set of data
- **16.** Data that are far away -from most of the data points
- **18.** A subset, or portion, of the population

- **19.** Events are random when individual outcomes are uncertain
- **20.** middle score when listed in numerical order

Down

- 1. Choose a simple random sample of size n from any population with mean μ and standard deviation σ
- **2.** a census occurs when everyone -in the population is contacted
- **3.** The difference between the greatest data element and the least data element
- **4.** A statistic indicating the proportion of successes in a particular sample

- **6.** The average of the squares of the deviations of the observations from their mean
- 7. The value in the confidence interval that says how accurate we believe our estimate of the parameter to be
- **8.** The science of collecting, organizing, and interpreting data in order to make decisions
- **10.** A numerical description of a sample characteristic
- 12. score that occurs most often
- 13. -average
- 17. an investigation on one or more characteristic of a population, either through census or sampling