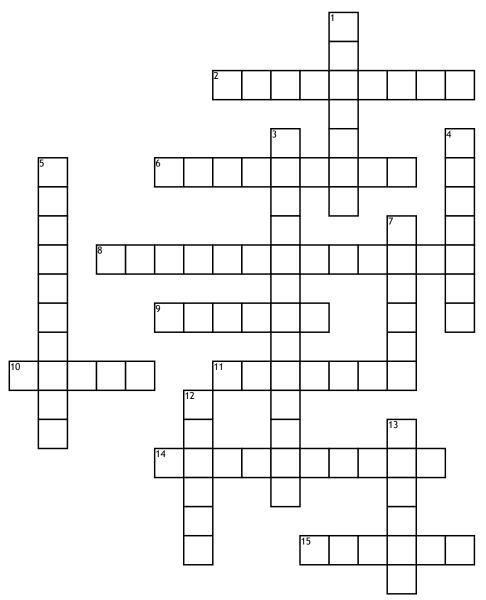
Name:	Date:

Key Continuous Improvement Terminologies



Across

- **2.** Process Improvement should reduce or eliminate
- **6.** Chart used to graphically represents the frequency, distribution and "centeredness" of a population.
- 8. Description of the intended target or desired results of Process Improvement
- **9.** roduct, service, or piece of information coming out of, or resulting from, the activities in a process.
- **10.** Any product, service, or piece of information that comes into the process from a supplier.
- **11.** DMAIC phase where process detail is scrutinized for improvement opportunities.

- **14.** Graphic display of the process flow that shows all activities, decision points, rework loops, and handoffs.
- **15.** Any Product or service fails to meet customer requirements.

<u>Down</u>

- 1. Phase of the DMAIC, where key measures are identified, and data are collected, compiled, and displayed
- **3.** Steps in a process that do not add value to the external customer.
- **4.** Team document defining the context, specifics, and plans of an improvement project; includes business case; problem and goal statements;
- **5.** Measures related to the quantity of resources used in producing the output of a process (e.g., costs of the process, total cycle time, resources consumed, cost of defects, scrap, and/or waste);
- 7. First phase in the DMAIC Process
- **12.** Quality tool uses a cumulative line to track percentages of each category/bar, which distinguishes the 20 percent of items causing 80 percent of the problem.
- **13.** Japanese business philosophy of continuous improvement of working practices, personal efficiency,