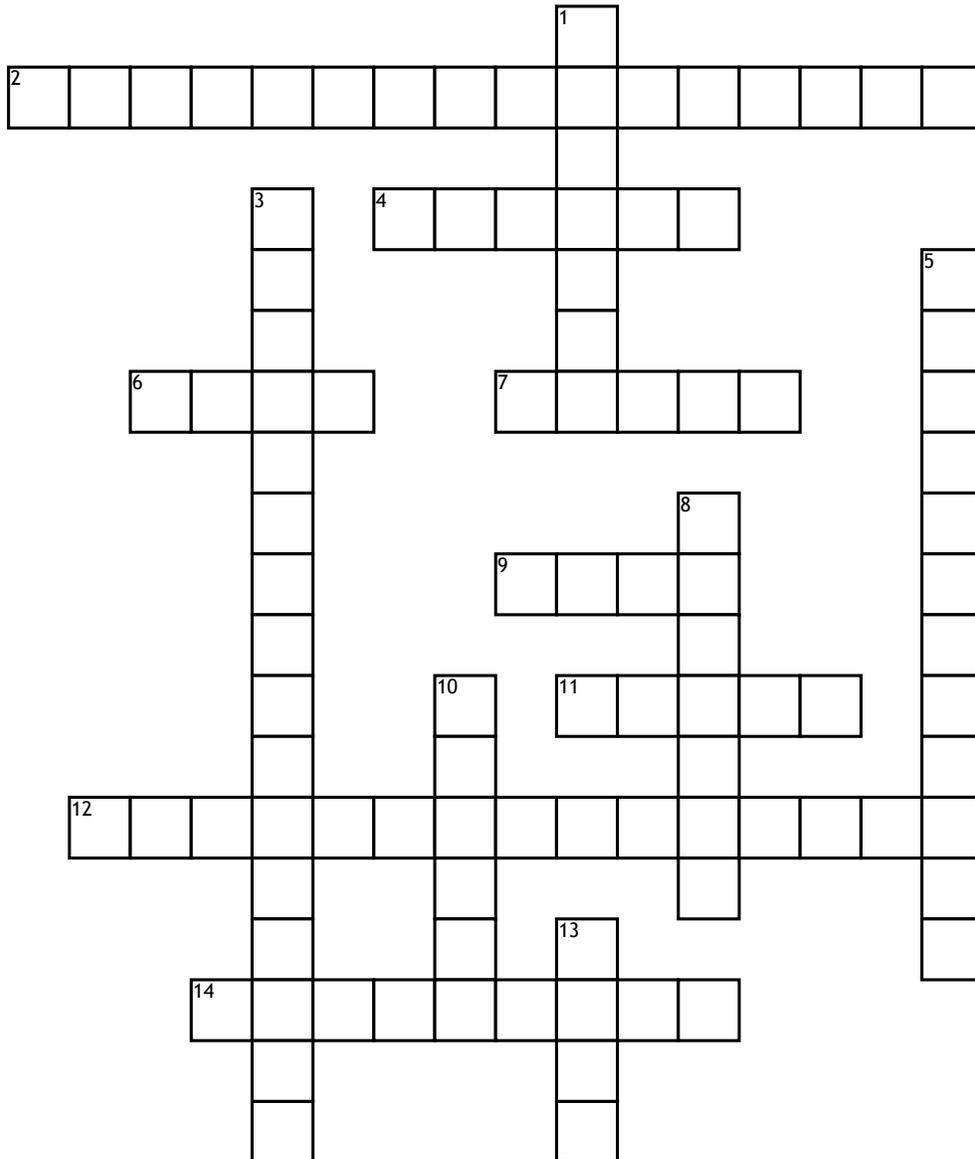


Key Points for Scribing



Across

2. During a Code a pulse check and _____ person switch needs to happen every 2 minutes.

4. Any _____ such as start CPR, stop CPR, on vent, ROSC, etc should be written down along with the time.

6. When charting medications You should include the time, type, and _____.

7. When the patient is transported to Radiology the time they are off the _____ should be written down.

9. When the ER doctor decides to transfer the patient that _____ should be written down.

11. The time that labs are _____ should be charted.

12. _____ should be charted on all trauma patients.

14. What should you chart after patient arrival and each time pain medications given

Down

1. The patients time of _____ should always be written down.

3. What does GCS stand for?

5. Epinephrine can be given every _____, notify the team when it has been 3 minutes.

8. _____ status should be evaluated for all trauma patients especially if they have open wounds.

10. The time, size, and type should be charted on all lines, tubes, and _____.

13. If a patient codes you should chart the start of the _____.