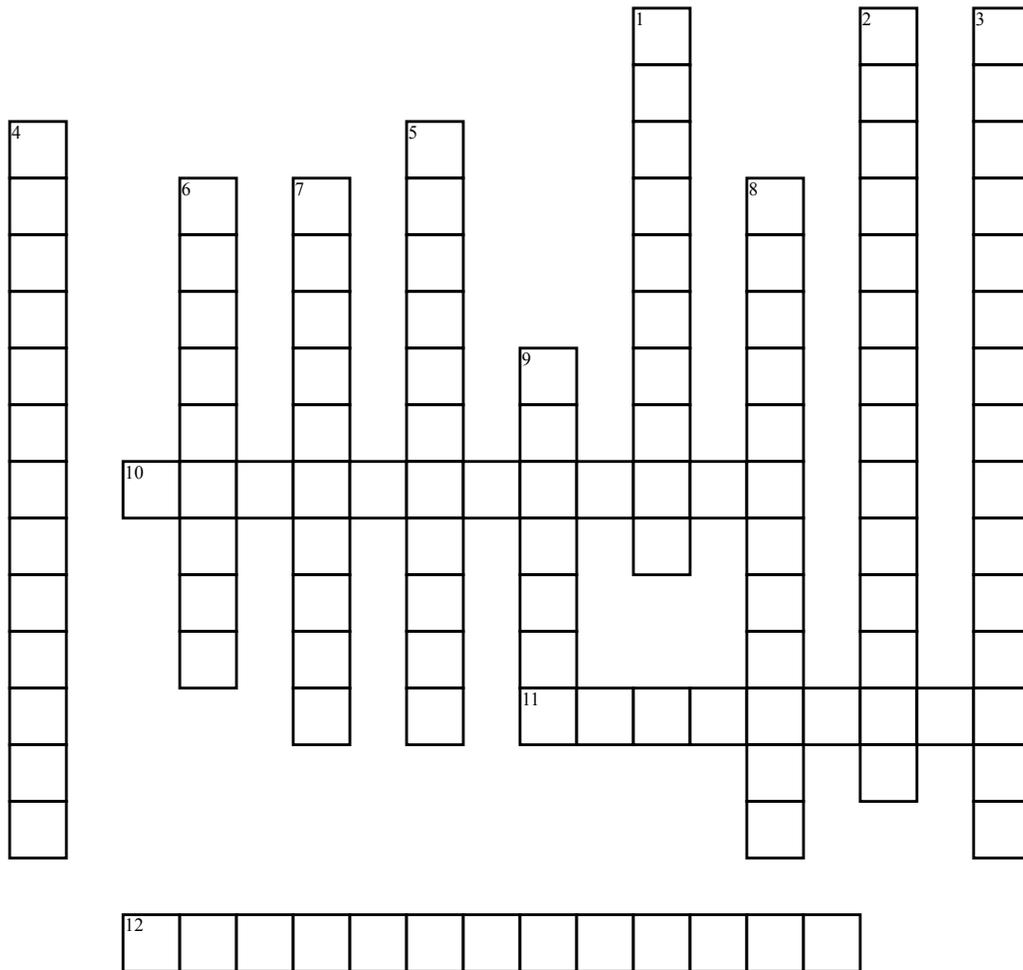


Life in the Industrial Age



Across

10. the growth in proportion of people living in town and cities

11. an alphabet or code in which letters are represented by combinations of long and short signals of light or sound

12. elements that release energy when they break down

Down

1. A drug that reduces pain and in large amount makes patients unconscious.

2. The process of heating liquids and foods to high temperature to killed the bacteria and prevented fermentation

3. a steel-making process, now largely superseded, in which carbon, silicon, and other impurities are removed from molten pig iron by oxidation in a blast of air in a special tilting retort.

4. developed the concept of natural selection

5. a movement in the arts and literature emphasizing inspiration, subjectivity, and the primacy of the individual

6. a system for transmitting messages from a distance along a wire, especially one creating signals by making and breaking an electrical connection

7. Russian physiologist known primarily for his work in classical conditioning

8. Austrian neurologist and the founder of psychoanalysis, a clinical method for treating psychopathology through dialogue between a patient and a psychoanalyst

9. attitude or practice of accepting a situation as it is and being prepared to deal with it accordingly.

Word Bank

Telegraph

Morse Code

Urbanization

Charles Darwin

Pasteurization

Anesthetic

Sigmund Freud

Radioactivity

Ivan Pavlov

Realism

Romanticism

Bessemer Process