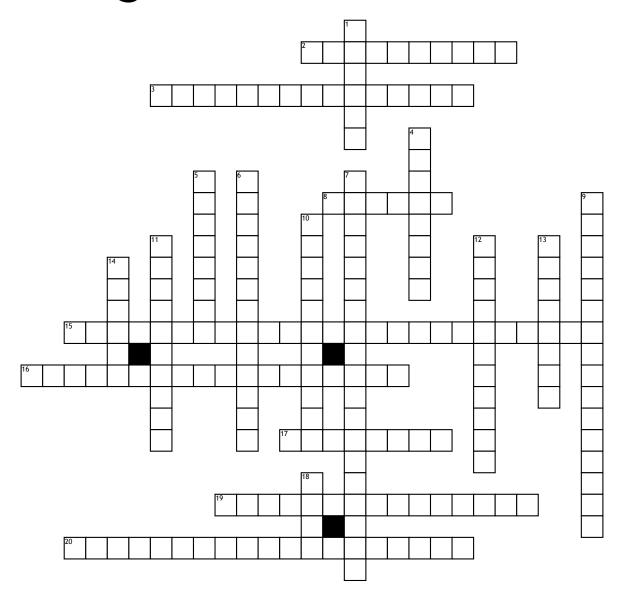
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Logarithmic functions



Across

- **2.** Rules associated with logarithims that allows you to condense or ecoand a logarithim are log
- 3. Logab=log a +log b
- 8. Base 10 logarithim is called
- **15.** Y=ln is an example of
- **16.** An equation that contains logarithim expressions
- **17.** In a logarithmic,x is sometimes referred to as the
- **19.** The integer part of a logarithim

20. Allows you to write logarithmic expressions that have different bases

<u>Down</u>

- 1. In a logarithim what y equals (y=_)
- **4.** The logarithim of a power is the product of the logarithim and the
- **5.** In logarithmic functions the asymptote the graph approaches but never touches is
- 6. Log a^b=b log a
- **7.** The inverse of an exponential function

- 9. Loga/b= log a- log b
- **10.** The logarithim of a quotient is the difference of the ligarithims of the numerator and the
- **11.** In the equation y=logbx,y is referred to as the
- **12.** Logarithim function domain is a set of all
- **13.** The logarithim of a number between 1 and 10
- **14.** The logarithim of a product is the sum of its
- **18.** In the expression y=logb x,y is called the logarithim b is called the