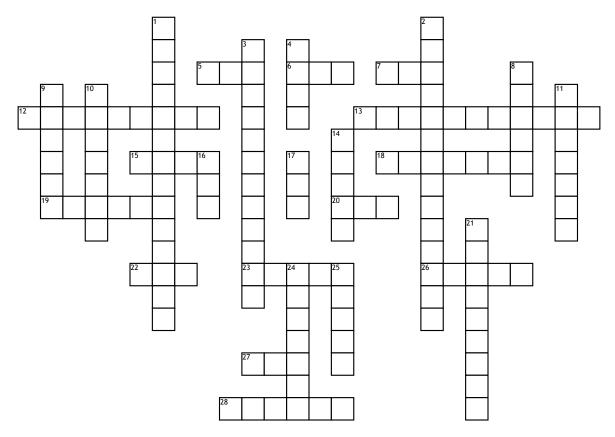
## MCDB group activity



## **Across**

- **5.** A-T base pairs make \_\_\_ hydrogen bonds
- **6.** Termination of transcription can be \_\_\_\_\_ dependent or independent
- 7. added to the 5' end of mRNA during processing
- **12.** type of RNA made in one long sequence
- 13. Cytosine and Thymine are
- **15.** there is no tRNA that can recognize a \_\_\_\_\_ codon
- 18. nucleotide that can base pair with C, U, and A
- **19.** all steps of central dogma require this
- 20. translation start codon

- **22.** Site important for all mRNA processing steps
- 23. mature mRNA is made of a 5' cap, a polyA-tail, and \_\_\_\_\_
- 26. U6 is a type of
- **27.** \_\_\_\_ has a double helical structure
- **28.** lasso shape created by splicing **Down**
- 1. newly synthesized GATC sites of DNA are
- 2. enzymes that manage supercoils
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_are synthesized N to C terminus
- 4. RNA Pol III mainly produces

- **8.** DNA polymerase needs this while RNA polymerase does not
- 9. seals gaps in DNA
- **10.** In bacteria, translation and transcription are:
- **11.** operons controlled by same regulator
- **14.** Sequence in eukaryotes that helps determine correct start codon
- 16. DNA amplification method
- **17.** Eukaryotic equivalent to sigma factors
- **21.** Type of antibiotic
- **24.** small fragments made in lagging strand
- **25.** factors that bind with RNA polymerase in bacteria