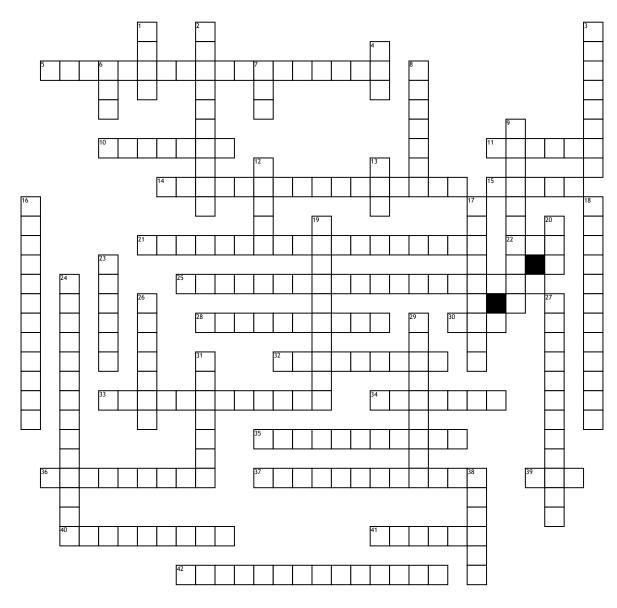
Macromolecule Crossword



Across

- **5.** a hydrocarbon chain with one double bond **10.** The monosaccharide that is the monomer of starch, glycogen and cellulose
- 11. A biological catalyst that speeds up the rate of reactions
- 14. This is the energy required to start a reaction15. This macromolecule is used for long-term energy storage
- 21. Lipids that have 2 or more double bonds
- 22. The hereditary molecule of life
- 25. This structure surrounds all cells and is made of phosphate heads and fatty acid tails
- 28. This is a protein that transports oxygen in the blood stream
- 30. Plants store energy for long term use as this
- **32.** The number of ATP Produced in oxidative cellular respiration (word)
- 33. the sugar sucrose is this type of sugar
- 34. This polypeptide is made up of a long chain of amino acids
- 35. This macromolecule is a polynucleotide
- **36.** an insoluble and indigestible polysaccharide that makes up the cell walls of plants
- **37.** A long hydrocarbon chain consisting of carbon and Hydrogen all singly bonded together
- **39.** This macromolecule is used for warmth and cushioning

- ${\bf 40.}$ another name for reactants in an enzyme catalyzed reaction
- 41. The polysaccharide that makes up the cell walls of fungal organisms
- **42.** The monomer of a carbohydrate

Down

- The number of calories in one gram of lipid (word)
 the part of an enzyme that interacts with the
- substrate
 3. This macromolecule is the storage form of glucose in
- 4. This molecule is produced in the process of cellular
- respiration and is used to power most cellular work
- 6. the number of substrates an enzyme interacts with
- Many enzyme names end in these three letters
 the molecule formed when many monomers are joined together
- **9.** Proteins in the immune system that interact with pathogens
- 12. These macromolecules repel water and protect plants from drying out (plural)
- **13.** This polymer contains phosphate, nitrogenous base and a 5 carbon sugar ribose
- **16.** The functions of this macromolecule are structure, storage, quick energy, and transport
- when both organism benefit in a symbiotic relationship it is called

- 18. DNA--> RNA-->Protein
- 19. The smallest unit of a nucleic acid
- 20. This lipid is solid at room temperature
- 23. The storage form of glucose in plants
- 24. This metabolic process captures the sun's energy and stores it in hydrocarbon bonds
- 26. The name of this carbohydrate C6H12O6
- 27. The structure surrounding every cell
- 29. The monomer of a polypeptide or protein
- 31. This sugar is how glucose is transported in plants
- 38. the number of amino acids we require (word)