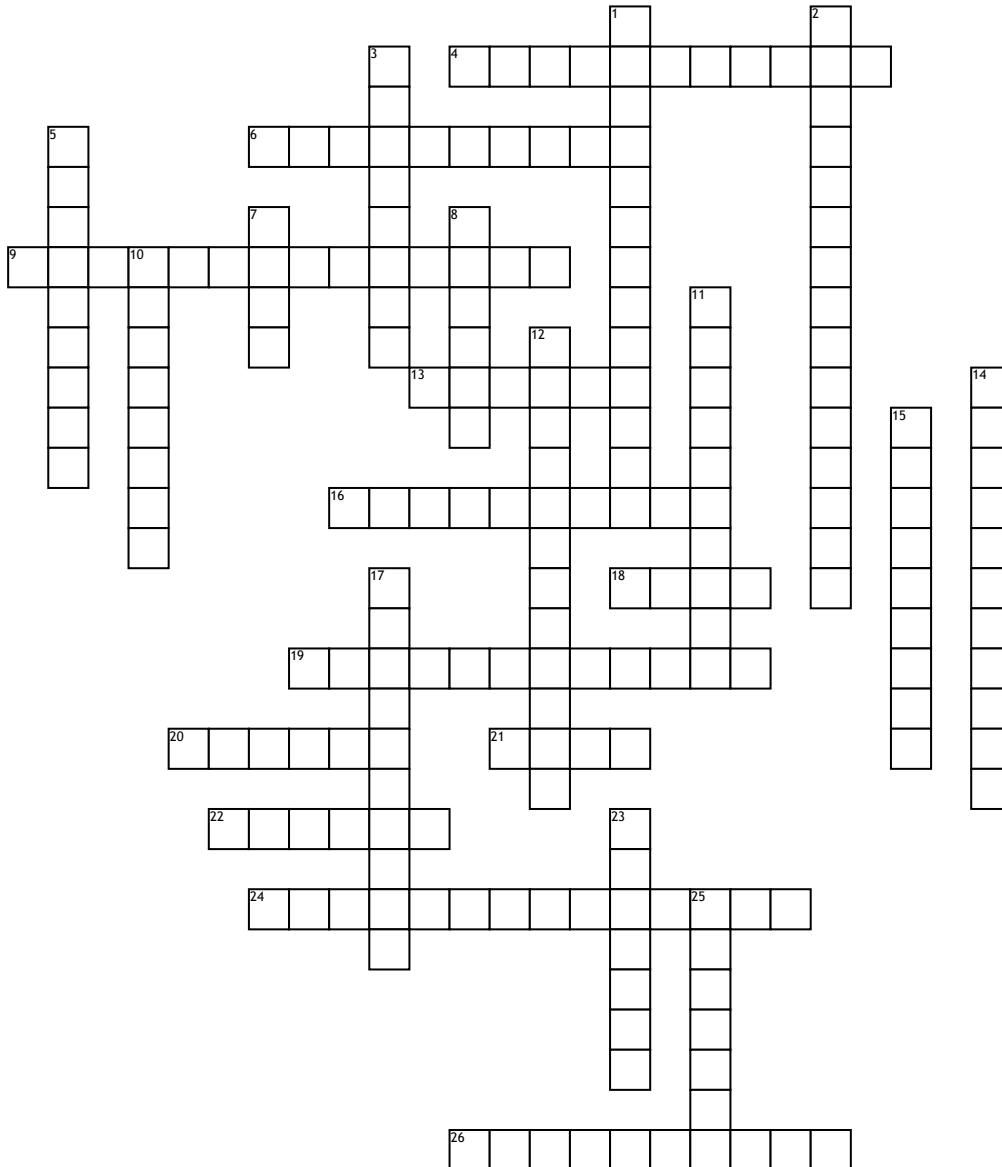


Name: _____

Date: _____

Math



Across

4. a number assigned to a person that indicates to lenders their capacity to repay a loan.

6. a pictorial representation of statistics on a chart, graph, or computer screen.

9. $A = P(1 + rt)$

13. The _____ is a simple measure of central tendency.

16. what's the other intercept than X

18. other word for average

19. other side from the Adjacent side

20. a quantity of something, especially the total of a thing or things in number, size, value, or extent.

21. The _____ of a set of data values is the value that appears most often.

22. the trigonometric function that is equal to the ratio of the side adjacent to an acute angle (in a right-angled triangle) to the hypotenuse.

24. The _____ of a parabola is a vertical line that divides the parabola into two congruent halves.

26. a _____ is a type of rigid transformation in which the preimage is flipped across a line of reflection to create the image.

Down

1. a triangle with a right angle.

2. a _____ is an invertible function f that maps a set X to itself

3. money paid regularly at a particular rate for the use of money lent, or for delaying the repayment of a debt.

5. a card issued by a bank allowing the holder to transfer money electronically to another bank account when making a purchase.

7. the _____ is a trigonometric function of an angle.

8. _____ is a point where two or more curves, lines, or edges meet.

10. a symmetrical open plane curve formed by the intersection of a cone with a plane parallel to its side.

11. a small plastic card issued by a bank, business, etc., allowing the holder to purchase goods or services on credit.

12. the action of sharing something out among a number of recipients.

14. interdependence of variable quantities.

15. a diagram consisting of rectangles whose area is proportional to the frequency of a variable and whose width is equal to the class interval.

17. the longest side of a right triangle, opposite the right angle.

23. having or involving two modes, in particular (of a statistical distribution) having two maxima.

25. a straight line or plane that touches a curve or curved surface at a point, but if extended does not cross it at that point.