## Maths Fa 3 activity



## Across

2. abscissa is the perpendicular distance of a point from
3. A circle can have parallel tangents at the most
4. the tangents to a circle is a special case of the secant when the two end points of its corresponding chord
$\qquad$

- circle in two points is called

10. in the same circle or congruent circles ,congruent central angles have congruent arcs state T/F
11. A tangent to a circle intersects it in
points
12. a quadratic equation can also be solved by the method of
13. A line intersecting a

## Down

1. the common point of a tangent to a circle is called
2. if $\mathrm{b} 2-4 \mathrm{ac}>0$ then two distinct $\qquad$
3. if $b 2-4 a c=0$ then two
4. if b2 -4ac<0 then
5. the distance of $P(3,4)$ from the origin is
6. a quadratic equation in the variable $x$ is of the form $a \times 2+b \times 2+c=0$ where $a, b, c$ are $\qquad$ numbers
