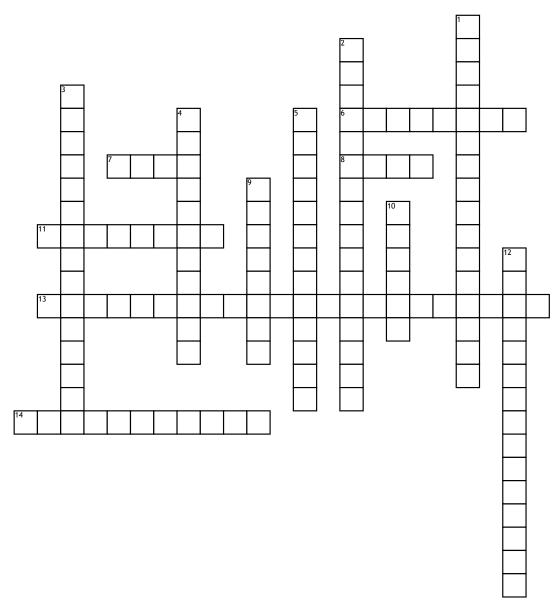
## Mechanism of action



## <u>Across</u>

**6.** This is a molecule on the surface of or within a cell that recognizes and binds with specific molecules, producing some effect in the cell.

7. This is a quantiy of a drug

administered at one time

**8.** This is the highest level of a drug in the body

11. The time is necessary for the body to eliminate half of the drug in the body at any time is known as?

**13.** Drugs often act like the chemical messengers described above to exert powerful and specific actions in the body.

14. these drugs do not trigger the cell's response in a manner similar to the action of the body's own chemical messenger.

## <u>Down</u>

1. The length of time a drug is at this level is referred to as?

2. Optimum dosage yields a range of therapeutic effects, whereas under-dosing has little effect on the healing process and over-dosing can lead to toxicity and death.

**3.** Drugs taken orally must pass though the intestinal wall and traverse the liver before reaching systemic sites. This process is referred to?

4. To bind with a specific cell type, the messenger must have a chemical structure that is complementary to the structure of that cell's receptors. This property of a receptor site is known as? 5. As greater doses of a drug are given, a greater response is noted until a point is reached when the response no longer increases with increased dosing.
9. these drugs trigger the cell's response in a manner similar to the action of the body's own chemical messenger.

**10.** This is the lowest level of a drug in the body know as?

**12.** The fraction of the administered dose that is available to the target tissues is an expression of what drugs?