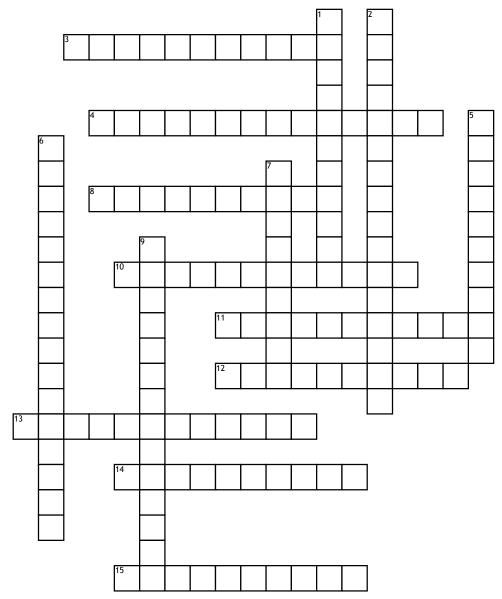
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## Medical Terminology 2.01



## **Across**

- **3.** Is a heart rate that exceeds the normal resting rate.
- **4.** Measures the electrical activity of muscles at rest and during contraction.
- **8.** A reduction in the number of white cells in the blood, typical of various diseases.
- **10.** A red blood cell that (in humans) is typically a biconcave disc without a nucleus.
- 11. Another term for platelet.
- **12.** A disorder in which blood doesn't clot normally.

- **13.** Term used to describe intense and usually widespread reddening of the skin due to inflammatory skin disease.
- **14.** The surgical opening or puncture of a vein in order to withdraw blood or introduce a fluid, or (historically) as part of the procedure of letting blood.
- **15.** The branch of medicine that deals with diseases and abnormalities of the heart.

## Down

**1.** A technique using X-rays to diagnose and locate tumors of the breasts.

- 2. The thickening and hardening of the walls of the arteries, occurring typically in old age.
- **5.** The cells of the immune system that are involved in protecting the body against both infectious disease and foreign invaders.
- **6.** The thickening and hardening of the walls of the arteries, occurring typically in old age.
- **7.** Used to look at the arteries or veins in the head, arms, legs, chest, back, or belly.
- **9.** A rarely used term for bleeding from a bronchus or bronchi; it is replaced by pulmonary haemorrhage in the working medical parlance.