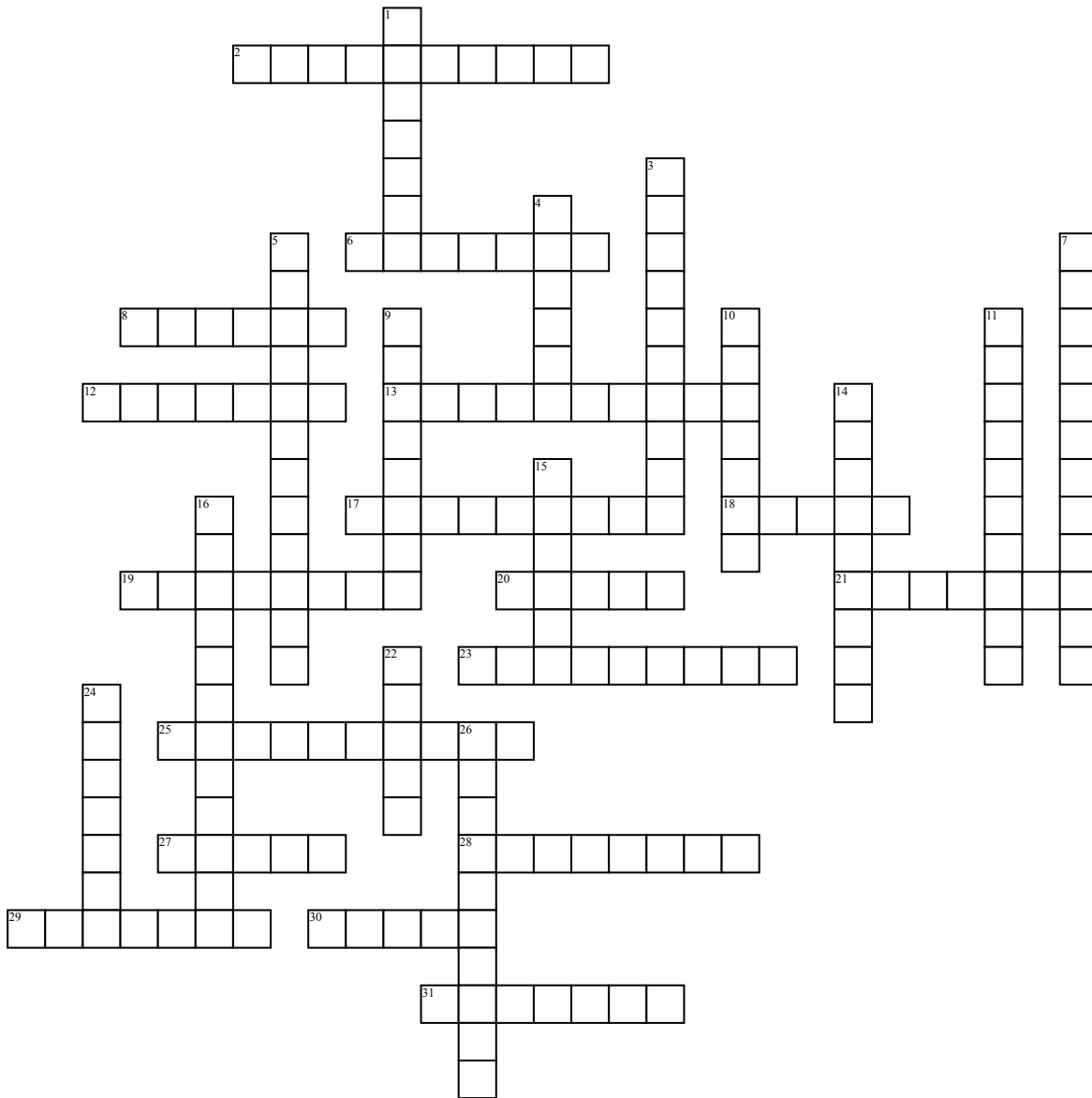


Medical Terminology



Across

2. A flap of cartilage at the root of the tongue, which is depressed during swallowing to cover the opening of the windpipe.
6. The duct by which urine is conveyed out of the body.
8. The voice box.
12. Tiny air sacs of the lungs.
13. Medical imaging you get when you are pregnant.
17. What connects the throat to the stomach.
18. Large organ in the abdomen.
19. An obstruction caused by twisting of the stomach or intestine.
20. Large organ in the abdomen.
21. 2 small masses of lymphoid tissue in the throat, one on each side of the tongue root.

23. Plays a major role in breathing, because it's contraction increases the volume of the thorax, so it inflates the lungs.
25. Analysis of urine to test for the presence of disease, drug or alcohol
27. A cavity within a bone or other tissue, especially one in the bones of the face of skull connecting with the nasal cavity.
28. A mass of enlarged lymphatic tissue between the back of the nose and the throat.
29. Membrane-lined cavity behind the nose and mouth, connected to the esophagus.
30. Fleshy extension that hangs at the back of the throat.
31. The organs used for excreting urine.

Down

1. A membranous sac found in humans which urine is collected for excretion.
3. A cluster of capillaries around the end of a kidney tubule.

4. Raised level in the blood or urea and other nitrogenous waste compounds that are normally eliminated by the kidneys.
5. Kidney failure.
7. Kidney dialysis.
9. Involuntary urination.
10. Inner region of an organ or tissue, especially when it is distinguishable from the outer region or cortex.
11. Discharge of feces from the body.
14. Process of taking food or drink into the body by swallowing or absorbing.
15. Watery liquid secreted into the mouth by the glands.
16. Lack of proper nutrition.
22. Pulpy acidic fluid that passes from the stomach to the small intestine.
24. The windpipe.
26. The action of breathing in.