

Name: _____ Date: _____

Medications in Labor and Delivery

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| 1. Anticonvulsant administered to prevent seizures | A. RhoGAM |
| 2. Reverses the effects of magnesium | B. Cervidil |
| 3. Given at 28 weeks and within 72 hours after delivery to an Rh negative mom with an Rh positive baby | C. Oxytocin |
| 4. A sustained-release vaginal insertion used to ripen the cervix | D. Procardia |
| 5. Designed for the treatment of peptic ulcers, but is used "off-label" for cervical ripening. | E. Hemabate |
| 6. Used to initiate or stimulate contractions | F. Terbutaline |
| 7. Given subcutaneously to stop uterine contractions | G. Calcium gluconate |
| 8. Calcium channel blocker used to stop labor contractions | H. Cytotec |
| 9. Used to treat severe bleeding after childbirth | I. Methergine |
| 10. Given IM to control bleeding during postpartum hemorrhage | J. Magnesium Sulfate |