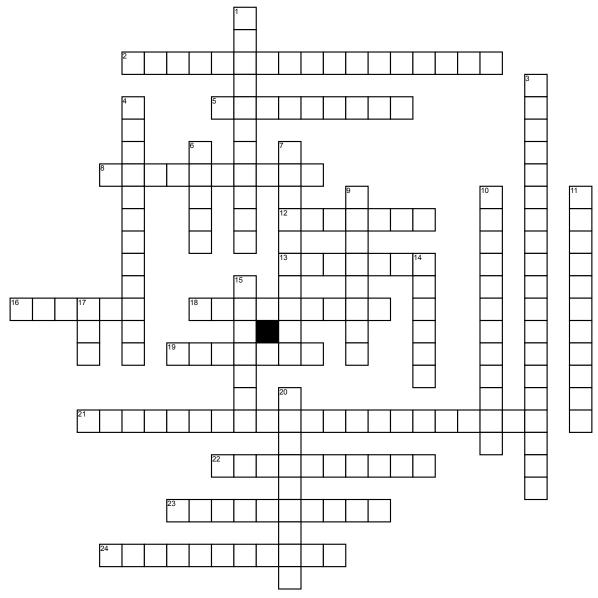
Meiosis and Sexual Reproduction



Across

- **2.** when the DNA replicated once but the cell divides twice
- 5. most important stage in meiosis
- **8.** sister chromatids move to opposite sides
- 12. possible form of a gene
- **13.** pair of chromosomes that are similar but not identical
- **16.** cell formed by the union of male and female sex cell
- **18.** two daughter cells divide again without DNA replication
- **19.** single set of chromosomes, ex: sperm cell
- 21. happens in metaphase 1 and chromosomes separate independently22. nucleolus and nucleus disappear and spindle fibers appear

- **23.** sister chromosomes finally separate
- **24.** sister chromatids align on metaphase plate

Down

- 1. chromosomes replicate into two identical sister chromatids attached to centromere
- occurs in mating
- **4.** sometimes skipped but no DNA replication occurs
- 6. male sex cell
- **7.** chromosomes line themselves in the middle of the cell
- **9.** chromosomes replicate and homologous chromosome cross over to exchange genetic material and the homologs separate

- **10.** happens during prophase 1 and homologous chromosomes overlap
- **11.** nuclei begins to form around chromosomes
- **14.** cells used during sexual reproduction, ex: sperm or egg
- **15.** two sets of chromosomes, ex: body cells
- 17. female sex cell
- **20.** individual pairs of sister chromatids separates but still attached to each other