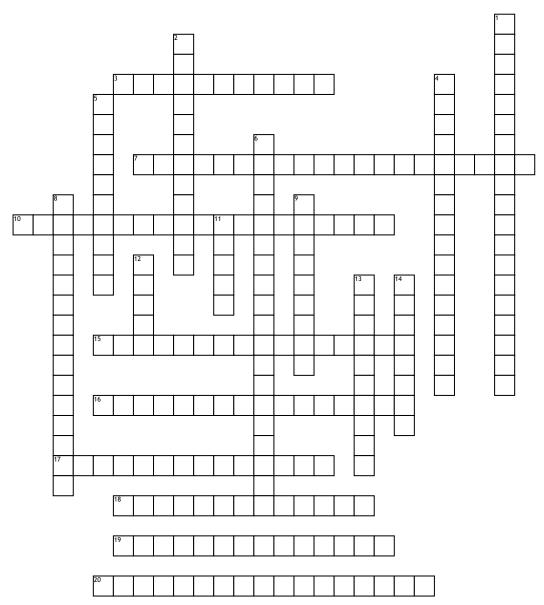
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Micro economics



Across

- **3.** Consumers buy more of a good when it's price decreases and less when it's price increases
- 7. Factors that determine supply and lead to an actual shift in the supply curved to the left or right
- 10. Quantity supplied and quantity demanded at the equilibrium price
- **15.** Change in preference for a particular product
- **16.** The price at which the amount of goods producers supply meets the amount of good consumers demand
- **17.** This represents the exchange of resources between households and businesses in the economy

- **18.** The market in which the households purchase goods and services the firms produce
- **19.** The study of the smaller picture of the economy
- **20.** The amount of money households make

Down

- 1. The price at which amount supplied is equal to the amount demanded
- 2. How efficient workers are
- **4.** Anything that is used to determine alive during the exchange of goods and services
- **5.** Inventions or innovations that allow increased productivity

- **6.** Diagram showing the flow of goods and services
- **8.** The number of sellers providing a good or service for sale
- **9.** A change in factors of production use in a good or service
- **11.** Any item that is acceptable to sellers in exchange for goods and services
- **12.** Government mandated payment that can increase or decrease over time
- **13.** Any factor that encourages or motivates a person to do something
- **14.** Government payment to an individual to encourage or protect a certain economic activity