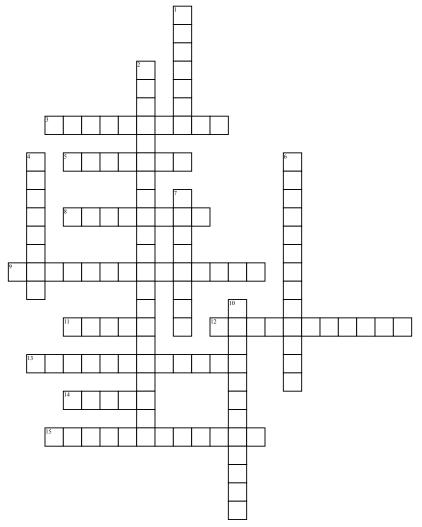
Microbes Shape our History



Across

- **3.** The production of living organisms from other living organisms. Life comes from life.
- **5.** Prokaryotic cells lacking nucleus, that never cause disease.
- **8.** Eukaryotic microbes usually single-celled, which are motile heterotrophs.
- **9.** Organisms too small to be seen without a microscope.
- **11.** Eukaryotic microbes containing chloroplasts that conduct photosynthesis.

- **12.** Organisms that feed solely on inorganic minerals.
- **13.** Discovered vaccines for rabies and anthrax.
- **14.** Heterotrophic organisms that are usually nonmotile and grow by absorbing nutrients from their surroundings.
- **15.** A process by which microbes gain energy by converting sugars to alcohol.

<u>Down</u>

1. Noncellular microbes that must infect a host cell.

- **2.** The theory that microbes arise spontaneously, without parental organisms.
- **4.** Prokaryotic cells lacking nucleus that grow in all habitats.
- **6.** Microbes that live within multicellular organisms and provide essential functions for their hosts.
- 7. Distinct populations of bacteria, each grown from a single cell.
- **10.** The study of microorganisms.

Word Bank

Algae LouisPasteur Colonies. Archaea Bacteria Protozoa Spontaneousgeneration Fungi

Microbiology Endosymbionts. Lithotrophs Fermentation

Microorganisms Biogenesis Viruses