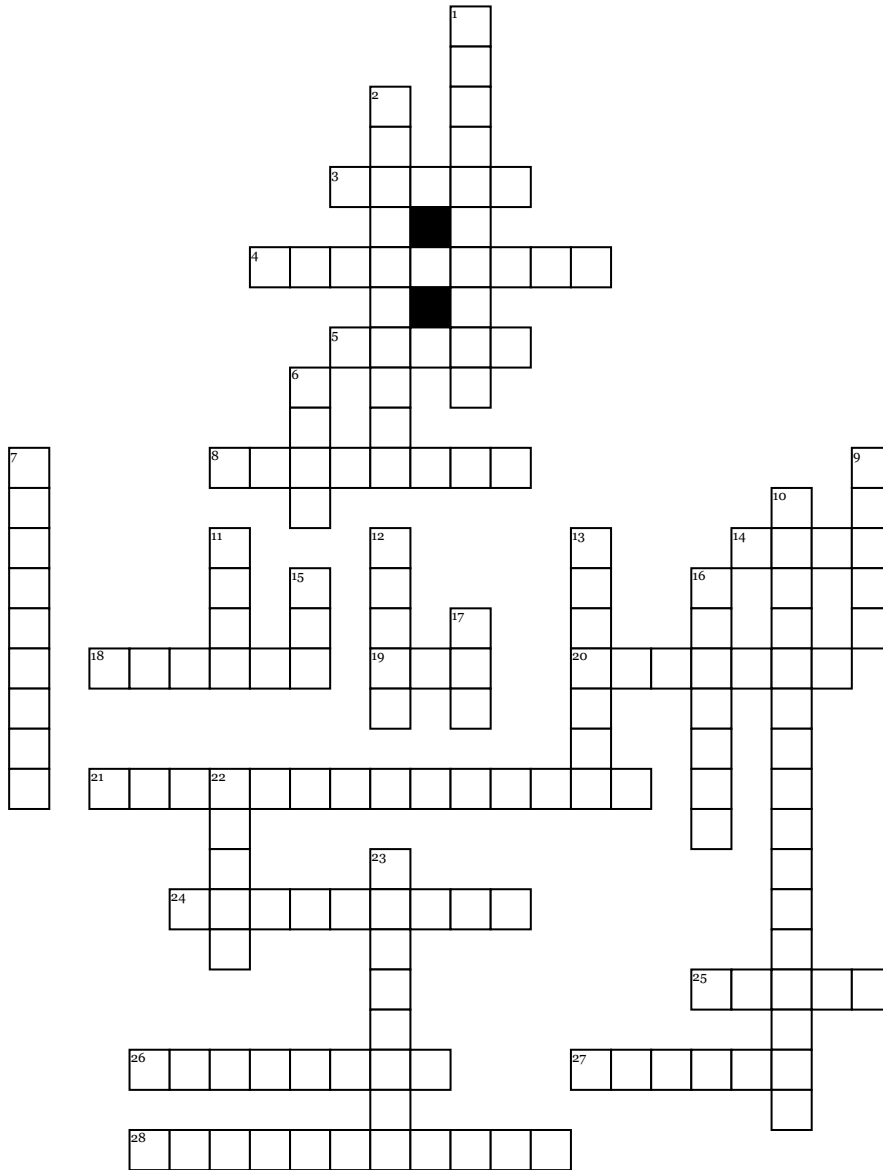


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Miles College Financial Aid



## Across

**3.** The acronym for the application that you will fill out your senior year to apply for financial aid.

**4.** The type of loan where the U.S. Department of Education pays the interest while you are in college.

**5.** A kind of "gift aid" — financial aid that doesn't have to be paid back and that is usually awarded based on financial need

**8.** Generally, a student that is taking more than 12 credit hours of classes is considered to be a \_\_\_\_\_ student

**14.** The general term for money you borrow from the government, a bank or another source that need to be paid back, usually over an agreed period of time.

**18.** The office at a college that is in charge of your financial aid, bills, and payments (HINT: It starts with the letter "b").

**19.** The acronym for the amount of money a student and his/her family are expected to pay toward college expenses as determined by the FAFSA, also known as the Expected Family Contribution.

**20.** The person at a college who helps students decide what classes to take, what major to pursue, and that makes sure student have fulfilled all graduation requirements.

**21.** The legal document a student loan borrower must sign when he/she receives a loan. This document lists the terms for repayment of the loan, including interest.

**24.** A program that allows students to take a part-time campus job as part of their financial aid package.

**25.** The period of time following graduation when a student is NOT expected to start paying his/her loans back yet is known as a \_\_\_\_\_ period

**26.** Type of college degree given if you complete four years of full-time study.

**27.** Colleges/universities that are ran and regulated by the state or federal government.

**28.** The type of loan where the U.S. Department of Education does NOT pay the interest while you are in college.

## Down

**1.** The name of the campus office that makes the decision about your acceptance to their school.

**2.** The name of the official document that your high school guidance counselor will send to your colleges that lists the classes that you have taken and your grades.

**6.** Federal grant program providing need-based grants to low-income students.

**7.** Type of college degree earned if you complete two years of full-time study.

**9.** An area of interest studied at the same time as a major; however, fewer courses are required.

**10.** The total cost to attend college before financial aid, including tuition and fees, room and board, books and supplies, and other living expenses (Hint: Acronym is "COA")

**11.** Federal loans that parents of undergraduate students can sometimes use to help pay for their child's college or career school

**12.** What we wish grew on trees!!

**13.** If a student fails to repay a student loan on time, the student is in

**15.** The acronym for the report that a student receives after their FAFSA is processed. It is the report that is sent to your college, also known as a Student Aid Report.

**16.** This type of college or university is NOT run by the state and is generally smaller and more expensive.

**17.** One of the standardized tests that students generally take junior year of high school that is used by colleges to evaluate an applicant's academic skills and abilities.

**22.** Your primary area of study chosen for college.

**23.** The name of Federal low-interest loans for eligible students to help cover the cost of college or career school (HINT: it starts with the letter "s").