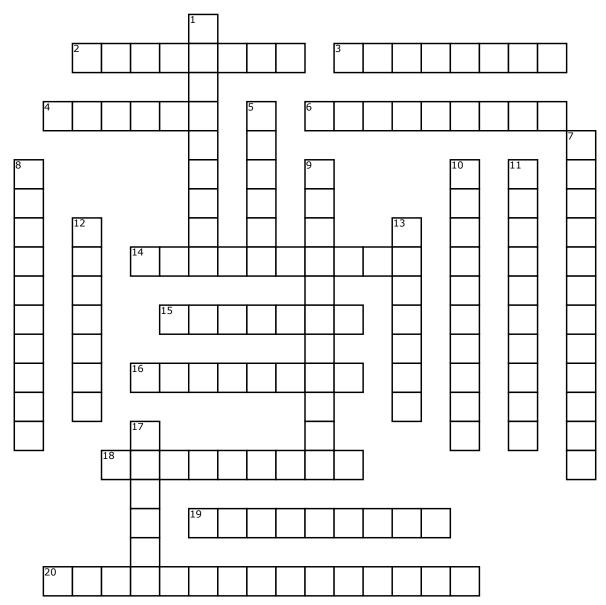
Name:	Date:
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## Mitosis and DNA



## Across

- **2.** Longest phase of Mitosis, genetic material condenses, chromosomes become visible
- **3.** Chromosomes separate and move along spindle fibers towards opposite poles
- **4.** Many of the organelles and molecules required for cell division produced during this period.
- **6.** Forms during cytokinesis in a plant cell
- **14.** Duplicated during Interphase, paired structures move to opposite poles
- 15. Division of the cell membrane

- **16.** Special proteins in which DNA is tightly coiled
- **18.** Chromosomes begin to de-condense and spread out into Chromatin material
- **19.** Each DNA strand in the duplicated chromosome
- **20.** This structure re-forms around each other cluster of chromosomes during Telophase

## Down

- **1.** Thread-like genetic material during the G1 phase if Interphase
- **5.** More desirable surface area to to volume ratio
- **7.** Process by which the cell divides into two new daughter cells

- **8.** Longest phase in the life of a cell, known as in-between" period of growth
- 9. Division of the cytoplasm
- **10.** Genetic information bundled into a package know as a
- **11.** Bead like structure of DNA and histones
- **12.** Fan like system of microtubules that help to separate the duplicated chromosomes
- **13.** Reproduction of genetically identical offspring from a single parent
- **17.** Reproduction that involves fusion of two cells