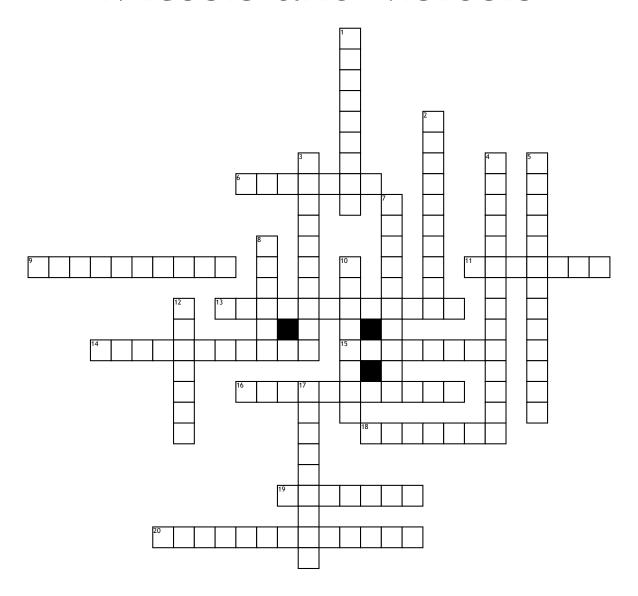
## Mitosis and Meiosis



## **Across**

- 6. The reactants of meiosis
- **9.** Exactly the same chromosome pair
- **11.** A cell with only half the amount of chromosomes
- **13.** Rearrangement of genetic information
- **14.** The equatorial plate is horizontal in this step
- **15.** The nuclear membrane disintegrates and spindle fibres begin to migrate to the poles of the cell
- **16.** The creation of new cells after chromosome replication

- **18.** How cells are able to replicate their genetics
- **19.** beginning stages of making a human
- **20.** How prokaryotic cells replicate

## Down

- 1. The spindle fibres must pull the tetrad apart to create two haploid cells in which step
- **2.** Preparation of chromosomes before mitosis
- **3.** Cytokinesis occurs afterward and each cell is a haploid
- **4.** Process of making male sex cells

- **5.** When male and female gamete join
- 7. Made up of DNA and proteins
- **8.** Diploid product cell in meiosis
- **10.** During meiosis, the chromosomes must create a tetrad, this process is called
- 12. All of our normal cells are
- 17. Process of making female sex cells