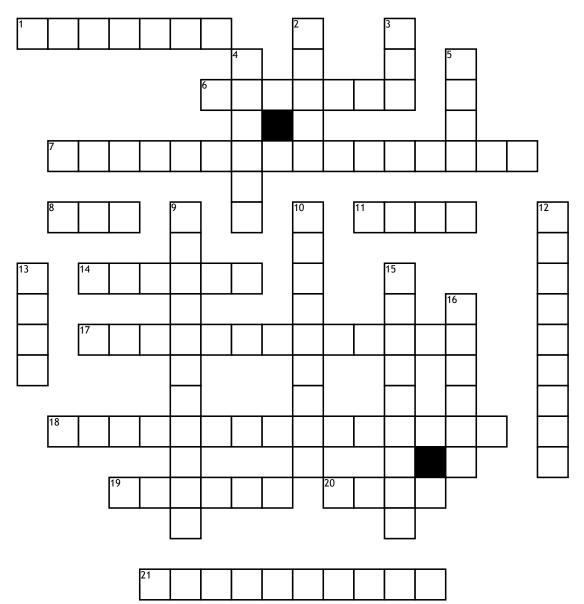
Name:	Date:
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## Mt St Helens



## **Across**

- 1. Mt St Helens is in the \_\_\_\_\_mountain range
- **6.** Mt St Helens had this type of outburst
- 7. Mt St Helen's is not a cinder cone volcano but a
- **8.** Geologists study \_\_\_\_\_ to be able to reconstruct a model of the events that happened when Mt St Helens exploded
- **11.** This natural basin was created after the eruption
- **14.** A long time resident of the mountain named

\_\_\_\_refused to leave his home despite warnings

**17.** Mt St Helens is the opposite of this kind of volcano

- **18.** Some Indians in the Pacific North West call Mt St Helens
- 19. After the eruption a large hole or was formed
- 20. Part of Mt St Helens' \_\_\_\_\_ was blown off durring the eruption
- 21. Mt St Helens is located in a

## Down

- 2. A large bubble or \_\_\_\_\_\_ was created on the north side of the volcano after the eruption
- 3. Mt St Helens erupted with the force of 10 megatons of\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. The burning ash from Mt St Helens was rich with this.
- **5.** A bulge was created because was unable to escape the mountain

9. Mt St Helens was a

\_\_\_\_\_snow capped mountain before it blew its top

- **10.** The eruption of the volcano was a large
- 12. The volcano was active for \_\_\_\_\_ years in the mid 19th

century.

- 13. The ash came spewing out of Mt St Helens \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the eruption
- **15.** 57 people died in Mt St Helens eruption in 1980, this was the official
- **16.** According to one Indian legend, the mountain was once a beautiful Indian maiden called