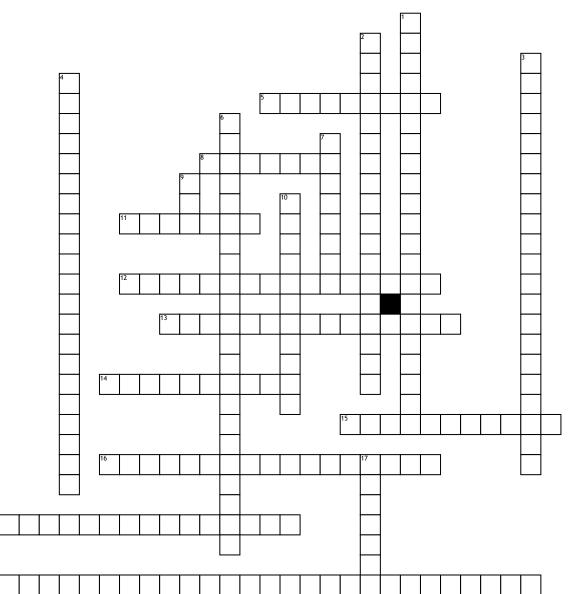
## **Muscular Strength**



## **Across**

5. Muscle contraction without

movement at the joint

8. Device used to secure weights to a barbell or dumbbell; without them the weights on one side of the bar could slip off

11. Another person who can help if the weight tilts or can help move a weight into position before or after a lift
12. Exercise apparatus that have a stack of weighs that is lifted through an

assortment of pulleys 13. A single lifting and lowering of a weight

14. Muscle contraction where the maximum tension is generated in the muscle as it contracts at a constant speed over the full range of motion of the joint

15. Increase in bulk or size by thickening of muscle fibers16. The ability of muscles to apply force repeatedly

**18.** The force muscles can exert against resistance

**19.** A type of muscle fiber that has stored glycogen and enzymes like fast-glycolytic fibers but that has additional oxidative enzymes that aid aerobic energy

Down

1. An exercise in which two ormore joints move together

 A type of muscle fiber that has few mitochondria and high levels of stored glycogen and necessary enzymes for anaerobic energy
 Free weights **4.** The maximum weight you can lift successfully once while using proper form

**6.** Increasing, from one session to another, the amount of weight you lift during a set

7. Muscle contraction where tension is constant while length increases

**9.** Number of reps performed without stopping to rest

10. A form of training where muscles are subjected to rapid alternation of lengthening and shortening while resistance is continuously applied
17. Progressive loss (wasting) of muscle mass