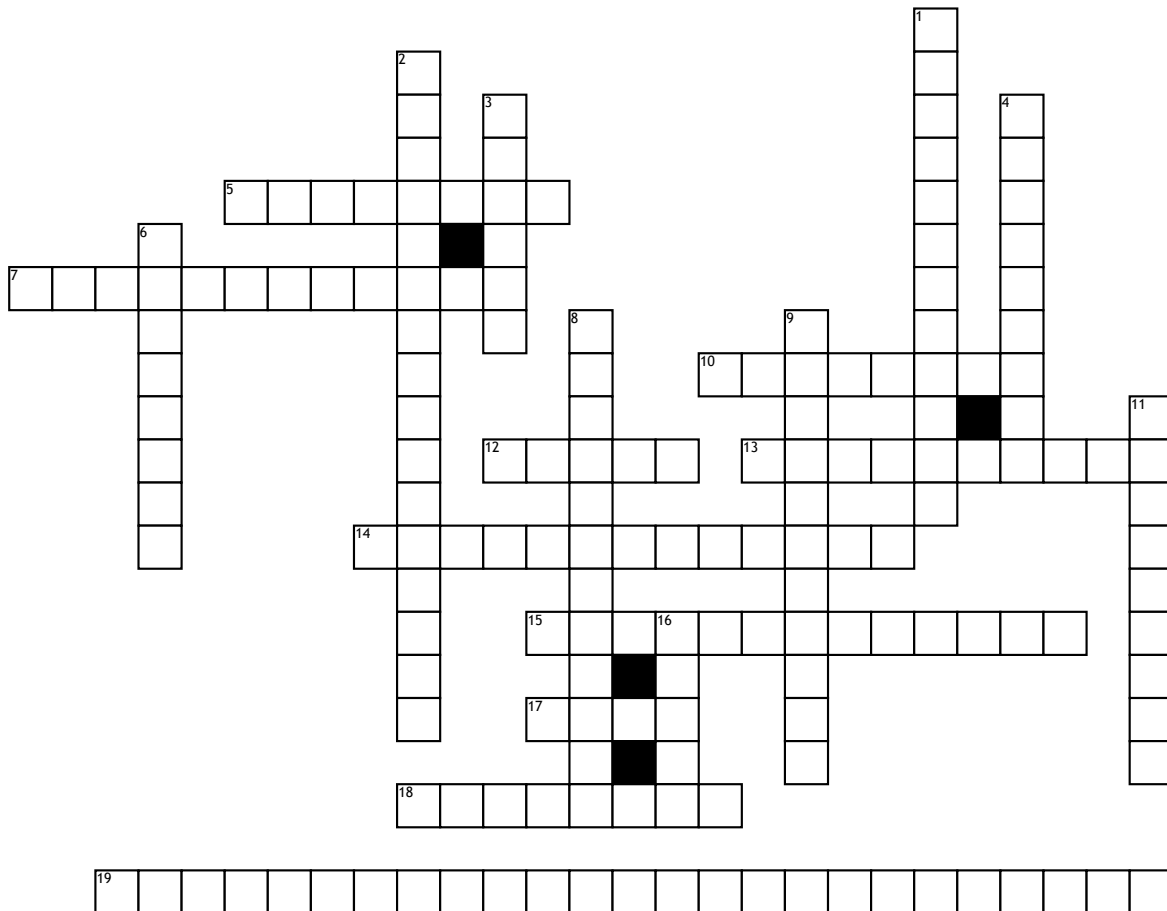


# N120: PVD (Group 3)



## Across

5. Deficient blood supply  
 7. High Hcy levels leads to higher risk of PVD. What is Hcy?  
 10. dead tissue due to lack of blood flow, a common complication of PVD  
 12. a sound that is produced by the turbulent flow of blood through a dilated segment of an arterial vessel.  
 13. Separation of the weakened elastic and fibromuscular elements  
 14. diagnostic procedure of the lower extremities that involves arterial injection of contrast to visualize areas of decreased arterial flow on an x-ray  
 15. Peripheral vascular, cerebrovascular, cardiovascular disease are \_\_\_\_ complications.

17. what kind of pain is an expected finding of peripheral venous disorders that involves an aching pain and feeling of fullness in the legs after standing?  
 18. people with \_\_\_\_\_ artery disease also often have PVD  
 19. conditions that affect the peripheral arteries and veins.

## Down

1. what kind of medications reduce the blood viscosity by decreasing blood fibrinogen levels, enhancing erythrocyte flexibility and increasing blood flow?  
 2. characterized by thickening loss of elasticity and calcification of arterial walls.  
 3. a test that measures fibrin degradation products present in the blood produced from fibrinolysis

4. With PVD management, wear clean \_\_\_\_\_ socks or stockings that have not been mended  
 6. Restricted \_\_\_\_\_ is a complication of PVD that affects ADLs.  
 8. Intermittent \_\_\_\_\_ is a classic sign of PVD (ischemic leg pain precipitated by activity and relieved by rest)  
 9. an invasive procedure that uses a balloon-tipped catheter to dilate a stenotic area of a blood vessel  
 11. an xray of the arteries and veins that determines the site of blockage  
 16. reddish-blue discoloration of the skin.