

N144 FINAL

1. Non-blanchable erythema; intact skin; warm/frim to touch
 2. Wounds involving the epidermis, and possibly dermis
 3. Purple/maroon; localized area of itact skin/blood filled blister
 4. Hole punched appearance; shallow/deep; wound is pale/grayish
 5. irregular margins; minimal to copious amounts of drainage; shallow
 6. Hypothalamus, cortisol, &
 7. The act of committing harm/evil
 8. Non-harming/inflicting least amount of harm possible to reach a beneficial outcome
 9. Quality Improvement
 10. Patients right to refuse medication/treatment
 11. Purpose of pulmonary function test?
 12. Which delivery method of O2 has the highest concentration of air?
 13. What is normal air percentage?
 14. Which solutions are ISTONIC?
 15. Which solutions are HYPERTONIC?
 16. HYPOTONIC soultions?
 17. Is Standards of Practice federal/state law?
 18. Which insurance plan tells you which doctors you have to choose.
 19. Which insurance plan lets you choose your doctor?
 20. Redness around the site
 21. Partial thickness; presents as blister/abrasion/crater
- A. PPO
 - B. thyroid
 - C. HMO
 - D. Checks perfusion/gas exchange
 - E. Stage III
 - F. PVD
 - G. Patients Bill of Rights
 - H. Maleficence
 - I. Stage II
 - J. Hyperthermia
 - K. Stage IV
 - L. Hemosiderin
 - M. DVT
 - N. Partial Thickness
 - O. 21%
 - P. Unstageable
 - Q. Stage I
 - R. Non re-breather
 - S. Non-maleficence
 - T. Full thickness
 - U. 3% NS, D20W, D10W, D5 1/2 NS

22. Full thickness (damage/necrosis of sub-q); deep crater w/w.o tunneling	V. D5W, LR
23. Full thickness; extensive destruction, tissue necrosis/damage to muscle bone, and supporting structures	W. 0.45% NS
24. Can't see wound bed	X. Deep Tissue Injury
25. Wounds involving epiderms, dermis, sub-Q, and may involve muscles, tendons, ligaments, and bone	Y. Plan-Do-Study-Act
26. Temp. > 102 F	Z. FEDERAL