Name:	Date:	

National Gov't Test #2 pt. 3

1. 14th amendment required states to adhere to the same freedom A. Gitlow V. New York of speech standards as the federal government B. Reed V. Reed 2. Ruled the establishment clause prohibited official prayer in public schools 3. The court expanded on the relationship between private religious C. Mendez V. Westminster schools D. Griswold V. Connecticut 4. Set limits on subversive speech E. Brown V. Board of Education 5. Private restraint was ruled unconstitutional & prohibits the government from blocking publication 6. Exclusionary rule was applied, which meant evidence obtained F. Cisneros V. Corpus Christi w/o a warrant is inadmissible 7. Requires a suspect to be informed of constitutional privileges that G. Lemon V. Kurtzman are included in the 6th amendment. 8. Privacy as a right was established H. Plessy V. Ferguson 9. Supreme court voted to allow segregation in public places I. Mapp V. Ohio 10. Challenge plessy v. ferguson and create the precedent "separate" J. Sweatt V. Painter but equal." K. Miranda V. Arizona 11. Overturned "separate but equal" helped spark wider protest movement 12. Court ruled that the 14th amendment also protects against sex-L. Engle V. Vitale based discrimination 13. Worked to overturn school segregation policies M. Brandenburg V. Ohio

N. Near V. Minnesota

14. Granted minority states to the latinos