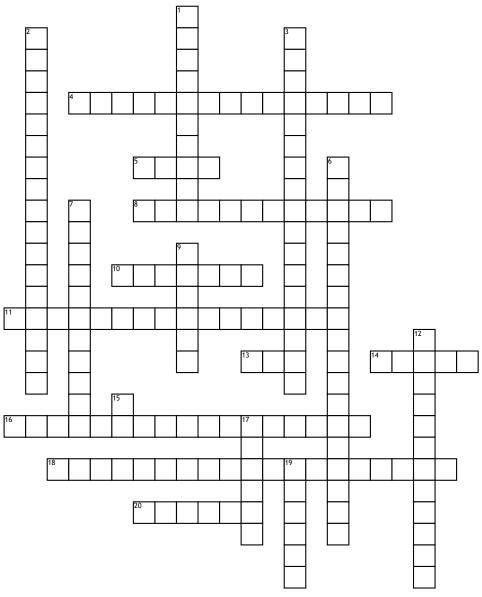
Nature of Science & SI



Across

- **4.** Uses words to describe what is observed
- **5.** The amount of matter in an object
- **8.** Results of using one or more of your senses to gather information and taking note of what occurs
- 10. Science is
- **11.** Uses numbers to describe what is observed
- **13.** Base measurements in abbreviations
- 14. Basic building block

- **16.** Used to study how a change in the independent variable changes the dependent variable.
- **18.** The factor that you want to test. It is changed by the investigator to observe how it affects a dependent variable
- **20.** Measure of the gravitational force on an object

Down

- 1. A possible explanation for an observation that can be tested by a scientific investigation
- **2.** Process that uses a variety of skills and tools to answer questions or test ideas

- **3.** The factor you observe or measure during an experiment
- **6.** These two give an atom mass
- **7.** At the end of an experiment scientists must ____ their results
- **9.** Anything that has mass and takes us space is
- **12.** Contains the same factors as the experimental group, but the independent variable is not changed.
- **15.** Measurements based on multiples of 10
- 17. How long an object is
- **19.** Amount of space matter takes up