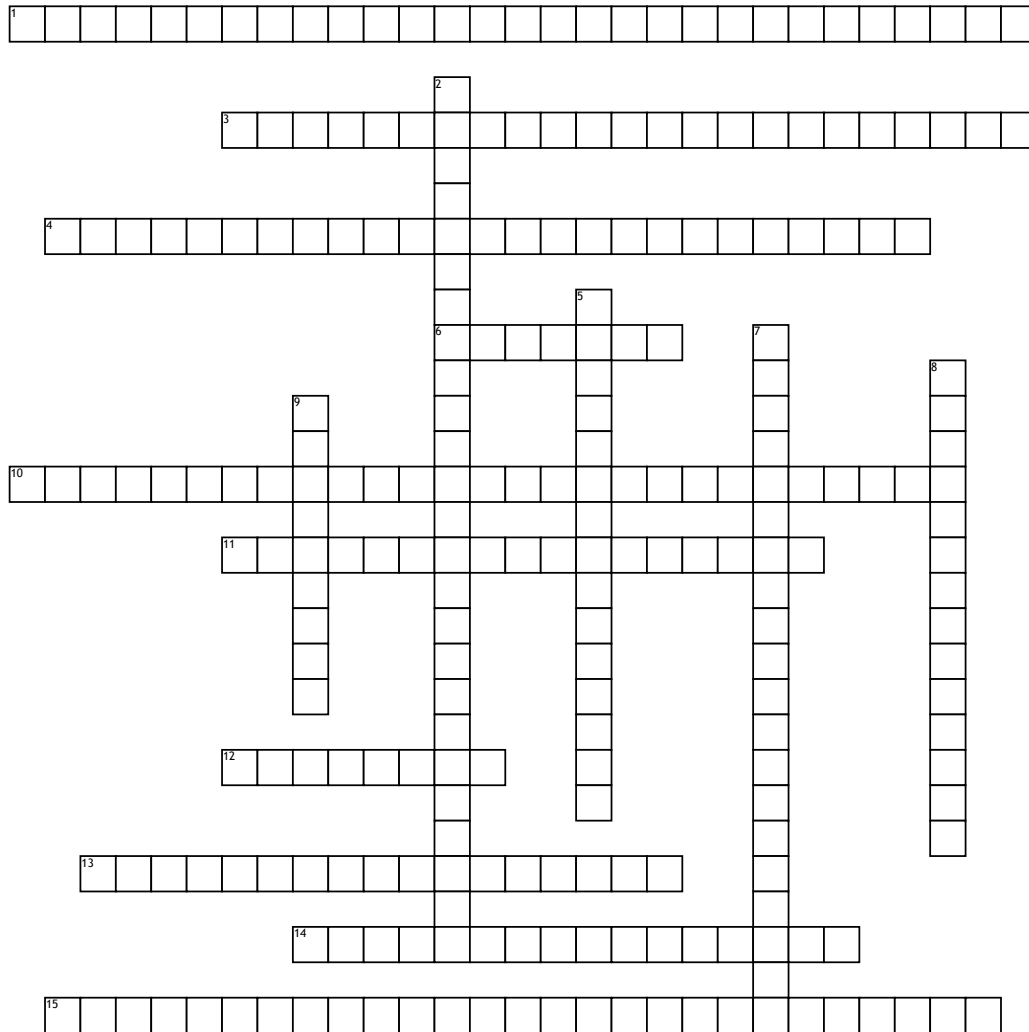


# New Deal Terms



**Across**

- 1. Provided money to states to create jobs chiefly in the construction of schools in other communitiy buildings (NIRA); part of the New Deal rule as unconstitutional.
- 3. Former Gov. of NY. Who was stricken with polio and designed a solution for the Great Depression
- 4. Sought to raise crop prices by lowering prduction, which the gov archieved by paying farmers to leave a certain amount of every acre of land unseeded.
- 6. A policy that focused on three general goals: relief for the needy, economic recovery, and financial reform

- 10. (WPA) headed by Harry Hopkins, a program to helps youths, professionals, and other workers.
- 11. A social reformer who combined her deep humanitarian impulses with great political skills. Supports Birth Control
- 12. Gov. then Senator of LA.
- 13. Three major parts: old-age insurance for retirees 65 or older and their spouses. Unemployment compensation system Aid to families with dependent children and the disabled
- 14. It established the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)
- 15. (NYA) was created specifically to provide education, jobs, counseling, and recreation for young people.

**Down**

- 2. It put men ages 18-25 to work building roads, developing parks, planting trees, and helping in soil erosion and flood control projects. (CCC)
- 5. Spending more money than the gov. received in revenue.
- 7. Required corporations to provide complete info on all stock offerings and made them liable for any misrpresentations.
- 8. became America's first female cabinet member.
- 9. It reestablished the NIRA provision of collective bargaining.

**Word Bank**

- Deficit spending
- National Industrial Recovery Act
- New Deal
- Wagner Act
- National Youth Administration

- Frances Perkins
- Social Security Act
- Eleanor Roosevelt
- Federal Securities Act
- Agricultural Adjustment Act

- Glass-Steagall Act
- Franklin Delano Roosevelt
- Civilian Conservation Corps
- Huey Long
- Works Progress Administration